

Greening your fleet Ultra Low Emission Vehicles: The business case, the technology and best practice



- APSE Transport Advisory Group
 Cenex Overview
- Not-for-profit independent research and consultancy organisation established in 2005.
- Specialists in low emission vehicles, associated infrastructure, energy systems and community/supply chain development.
- Help clients to assess, validate and apply low emissions automotive strategies and technologies.



APSE Transport Advisory Group Cenex Clients







APSE Transport Advisory Group





Technology Showcase







Ride & Drive

- 3,137 visitors
- 226 exhibiting organisations
- 1,180 organisations attending
- 122 vehicles



Extensive Seminar Programme





APSE Transport Advisory Group Where to begin?

CAZ – Clean Air Zone Euro IV, V, VI, EEV ULEV – Ultra Low Emission Vehicle PiVG – Plug-in Van Grant PiVC – Plug-in Car Grant OLEV – Office for Low Emission Vehicles GUL – Go Ultra Low **EV** – Electric Vehicle PHEV – Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicle CVTF – Clean Vehicle Technology Fund LEZ – Low Emission Zone **RPC** – Reduced Pollution Certificate REEV – Range Extended Electric Vehicle PiP – Plugged-In Places Euro 4, 5, 6







APSE Transport Advisory Group Air Quality







APSE Transport Advisory Group Cost Benefits





Whole life cost saving / total cost of ownership



APSE Transport Advisory Group Battery Electric Vehicles (EVs)





Costs can be anywhere from £13,945 to £100,000+



APSE Transport Advisory Group Plug-In Hybrid (PHEVs)







Costs can be anywhere from £33,945 to £51,000+



APSE Transport Advisory Group Range Extended Electric Vehicle (REx, REEV)







Costs can be anywhere from £35,000+



APSE Transport Advisory Group

Gas – HGV, RCV and buses



- CNG
- LNG
- Biomethane
 www.gasvehiclehub.org/







APSE Transport Advisory Group Hydrogen





Costs can be anywhere from £53,050 to £65,954+







electric motor



Hydrogen fuel cell electric vehicle

APSE Transport Advisory Group Charging Electric Vehicles







APSE Transport Advisory Group Charging Electric Vehicles







APSE Transport Advisory Group Charging Electric Vehicles







APSE Transport Advisory Group Charging Speeds



Slow or standard charging is typically:

- 0-100% in 10-12 hours
- 13-16 Amps AC single phase
- UK household or "caravan hook-up" style plug and socket (BS1363) or "Blue Commando" (EN60309)

Fast charging is typically:

- 0-100% in 4-6 hours
- 16-32 Amps AC single phase
- Type 2 plug and socket

Semi-rapid charging is typically:

- 0-100% in 1-2 hours
- 32 Amps AC three phase
- Type 2 plug and socket

Rapid charging is typically:

- 0-80% in 20-30 minutes
- 63 Amps AC three phase or 100 Amps DC
- Type 2 (AC), JEVS/G105 (DC) or CCS Combo 2 (DC)



UK ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT ASSOCIATION

Times are based on a 24 kWh battery being charged to 80%

	MAXIMUM POWER OUTPUT FROM EVSE (KILOWATTS)	EXAMPLE CHARGING TIME (HRS:MINS)	INPUT VOLTAGE (VOLTS)	MAXIMUM CURRENT (AMPS)	MODE
AC	2.3kW	8hrs 20mins	230 1-phase AC	10	2/3
	3kW	6hrs 30mins	230 1-phase AC	13	2/3
	3.7kW	5hrs 15mins	230 1-phase AC	16	(2) 3
	7.4kW	2hrs 35mins	230 1-phase AC	32	(2) 3
	14.5kW	1hr 20mins	400 3-phase AC	21	3
	22kW	55mins	400 3-phase AC	32	3
	43kW	30mins	400 3-phase AC	63	3
Ŋ	20kW	1hr	400 3-phase AC	40	4
	50kW	25mins	400 3-phase AC	100	4
	100kW	15mins	400 3-phase AC	200	4





APSE Transport Advisory Group Charge Point Costs



Charge Point type and power output per outlet	Typical specification	Cost range (£ Ex VAT, delivery and installation)*
Fast - Type 2 wall mount 7kW	 Display + LED status indicators GPR5 modem Mode 3 	£750 - £1,500
Fast - dual Type 2 wall mount 7kW	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem Mode 3 	£1,700 - £2,700
Fast - dual Type 2 ground mount 7kW	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem Mode 3 	£1,700 - £5,000
Fast - dual Type 2 wall mount 11kW or 22kW	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem Mode 3 	E1,800 - E4,000

APSE Transport Advisory Group Charge Point Costs



Charge Point type and power output per outlet	Typical specification	Cost range (£ Ex VAT, delivery and installation)*
Fast - dual Type 2 ground mount 11kW or 22kW	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem Mode 3 	£3,000 - £5,000
Rapid - dual outlet 1 x Type 2 + 1 x JEVS G105	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem 43kW AC or 50kW DC Mode 3 or 4 	£15,000 - £26,000
Rapid - triple outlet 1 x Type 2 + 1 x JEVS G105 + 1 x CCS Combo 2	 RFID card, Contactless Payment Card reader and/or chip and pin enabled Display + LED status indicators GPRS modem 43kW AC or 50kW DC Mode 3 or 4 	£16,000 - £30,000



EV CHARGIN

EV CHARGING STATION

Need for Smart charging at depots to avoid cost of grid reinforcement









WITH V2G





APSE Transport Advisory Group Battery electric vans

Whole Life Cost Example

	Nissan NV200 1.5dCi Acenta (Diesel)	Nissan e-NV200 Acenta (Electric)
Vehicle	E15,030	E22,088
Plug-in van grant discount		£5,301
Fuel costs	E5,449	E2,103
Road tax	£700	EO
Maintenance costs	E2,114	£1,416
Resale value	£3,096	E4,622
Life time cost	E20,198	£15,684
Cost per mile	33.7p	26.1p
Whole life cost savings		£4,514
If used in the London Congestion Zone (5 days/week)		

Life time cost	£33,323	E15,684
Whole life cost savings		£17,639

Vehicle: 2.2t Small panel van

Annual mileage: 12,000 miles (48 miles per day)

Ownership period: 5 years

Cost saving:

£4,514 rising to £17,639 if used daily in the London Congestion Charging Zone

The example shows the economic case for electric vehicles is strong. The plug-in van grant, lower fuel cost, zero road tax, lower maintenance costs and stronger residual value all work together to offer substantial whole life cost savings. When regional incentives, such as free entry into the London Congestion Charging Zone are included the whole life savings available become comparable to the purchase cost of the vehicle!



APSE Transport Advisory Group CNG / Biomethane vans

Whole Life Cost Example

	Mercedes Sprinter 316 CDI (Diesel)	Mercedes Sprinter 316 NGT (CNG)
Vehicle purchase cost	£28,740	£31,710
Fuel cost	£23,865	£16,219
Road tax	£1,350	£1,350
Maintenance costs	£8,760	£9,885
Resale value	£3,135	£1,407
Life time cost	£59,070	£57,247
Cost per mile	39.4p	38.2p
Whole life cost savings		£1,823

Vehicle: 3.5t CNG Large Panel Van

> Annual mileage: 25.000 miles

Ownership period:

6 years

Cost saving: £1,823

The cost example opposite shows that the additional purchase cost of a CNG Mercedes Sprinter covering 25,000 miles per annum saves the operator over £1,800 on a whole life cost basis over 6 years. With the increased purchase and maintenance costs and lower residual value offset by the savings in fuel costs.

The price of CNG varies significantly between suppliers. Availability of low cost CNG coupled with high annual mileage will be the key factors in achieving an overall whole life cost saving.



APSE Transport Advisory Group Hydrogen

Whole Life Cost Example

	Kangoo Maxi 1.5dCi 90PS (Diesel)	HyKangoo ZE Maxi (Battery Electric with SymbioFCell Hydrogen Fuel Cell Range Extender)
Vehicle	£15,296	£45,899
Plug-in van grant discount		£5,436
H2ME Grant discount		£7,500
Fuel costs	£9,268	£3,328
Road tax	£700	£0
Maintenance costs	£4,260	£5,385
Resale value	£1,975	£4,225
Life time cost	£27,549	£39,999
Cost per mile	27.5p	39.3p
Whole life cost savings		Not Available

If used in the London Congestion Zone (5 days/week)

Life time cost	£40,674	£39,261
Whole life cost savings		£1,413







Low Carbon Vehicle Analysis – Wyre Forest Council







CENEX



APSE Transport Advisory Group CLEAR Capture



Purpose: "CLEAR Capture" stands for Cost-effective Low Emissions Analysis from Realworld Data Capture. This analysis is more accurate as it directly uses your real-world operational data, not estimates of performance, to calculate your whole life costs, operational performance and carbon savings comparisons of switching from a conventional vehicle to an ultra-low emission vehicle (ULEV).

This analysis includes:

- Plug-in device deployment
- Data collection
- Data analysis
- Analysis reporting
- 30 minute explanation call



What will I know? You will fully understand if there is an economic (total cost of ownership) or environmental business case (savings of PM, NOx and CO2) to swap your conventional vehicles to a low emission vehicle, and know the technology types that offer the best savings in your bespoke fleet operational profile.

APSE Transport Advisory Group CLEAR Capture



Data Collection Process



APSE Transport Advisory Group CLEAR Capture



Fuel Consumption and Emissions Calculation



APSE Transport Advisory Group West Midlands Police Service



- Cenex ran a consultancy project with West Midlands Police (WMP) to test the possibility of using the Nissan LEAF as "diary cars" in their fleet operations
- After a successful trial with Cenex, in June 2013 the force ordered 30 LEAFs to be split evenly across all 10 local policing units (LPUs) as diary cars to attend pre-arranged meetings with victims of crimes who have contacted the police
- The cars typically travel 40 to 45 miles a day, but this varies depending on the LPU. They are currently exploring other opportunities for further LCVs in their fleet operations.



APSE Transport Advisory Group West Midlands Police Service



• After eight months, the real-world data showed...



Total EV miles: 256,200





Total fuel cost saving: £24,472

Equivalent to the cost of a year's pay for one new police recruit!

Reduced tailpipe emissions: 68 tonnes CO₂

KISTUAL





Thank you for listening

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