EMPROVING URBAN BIODIVERSITY THROUGH RELAXED MANAGEMENT, AND ATTITUDES

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#### Introduction

The swifts is Carlisle's newest nature reserve

Once a chocolate factory, then a golf course and now

#### a nature reserve

It was transformed through extensive management and careful planting





# The Swifts as a golf course



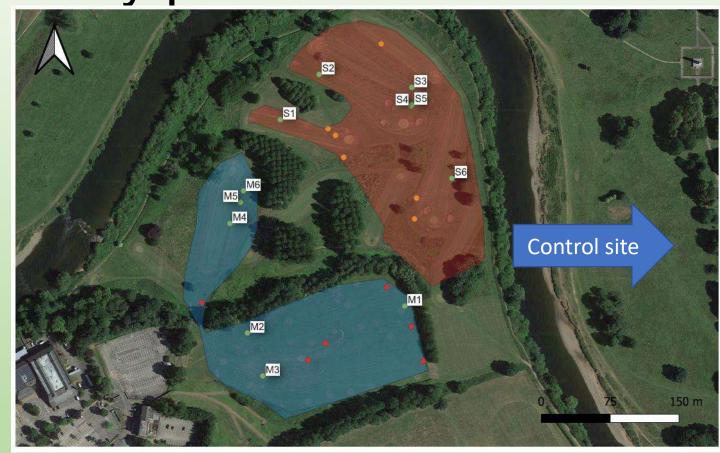






# Monitoring – the messy phase 2021

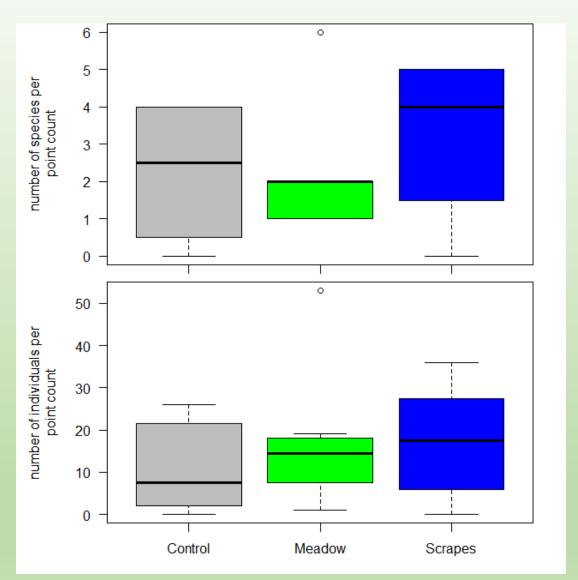
- Randomised points three times a season for hoppers
- Fixed for pitfalls Pitfalls
  collected July October
- Suction samples June to September
- Point counts for butterflies





#### **Butterflies 2021**

- 10 species recorded from July to august 26 point counts in 2021
- Students working in small groups over the summer – with larger numbers in the meadow versus the scrapes habitat
- Passive enjoyable fun, with lots of public engagement
- The students were better at ID than me





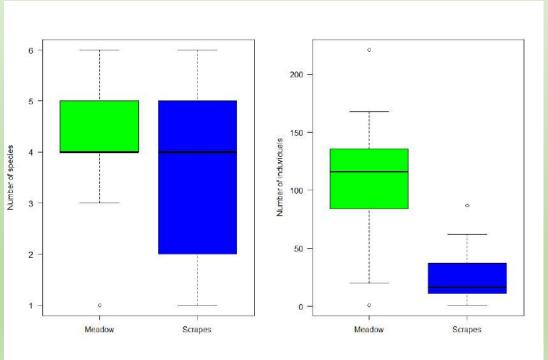
# Ground beetle diversity

25

'Expert' 20 species observed 15

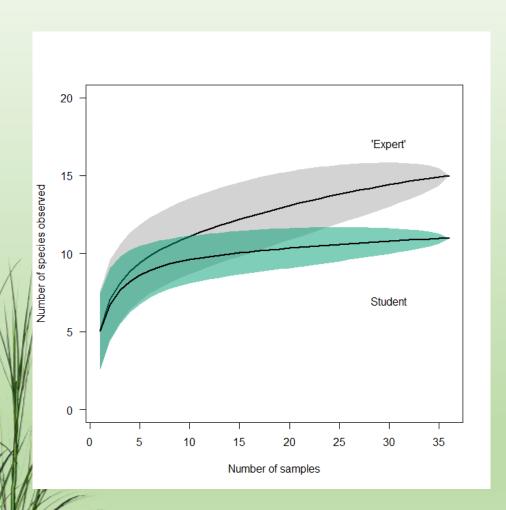
Number of samples

- Fairly good identification with some confusion between the less common carabids
- Meadow yielding more individuals

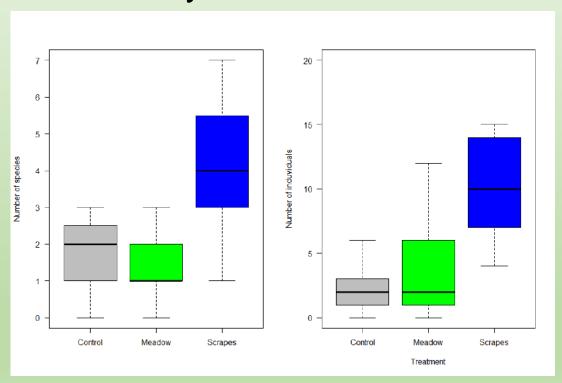




# Leafhopper and planthopper diversity



 Misidentifications are in the minority with 4 species incorrectly identified





- Database of images of all new species and genitalia dissection kept indexed in a spreadsheet with hyperlinks
- Carabids and hoppers not butterflies

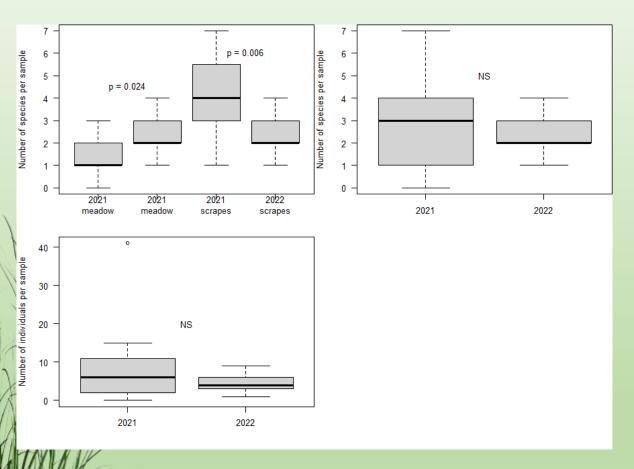








# Preliminary second year comparisons



- The trend is downward in the scrapes management – slightly positive in meadow although numbers still very low per sample.
- Reduction in area covered by grasses
- Presence of yellow rattle and overall reduction in grass area



#### The future for Swifts

- Long term monitoring
- CBDC monitoring day
- University and student projects
- Making the site accessible
- Easy engagement with nature





# The

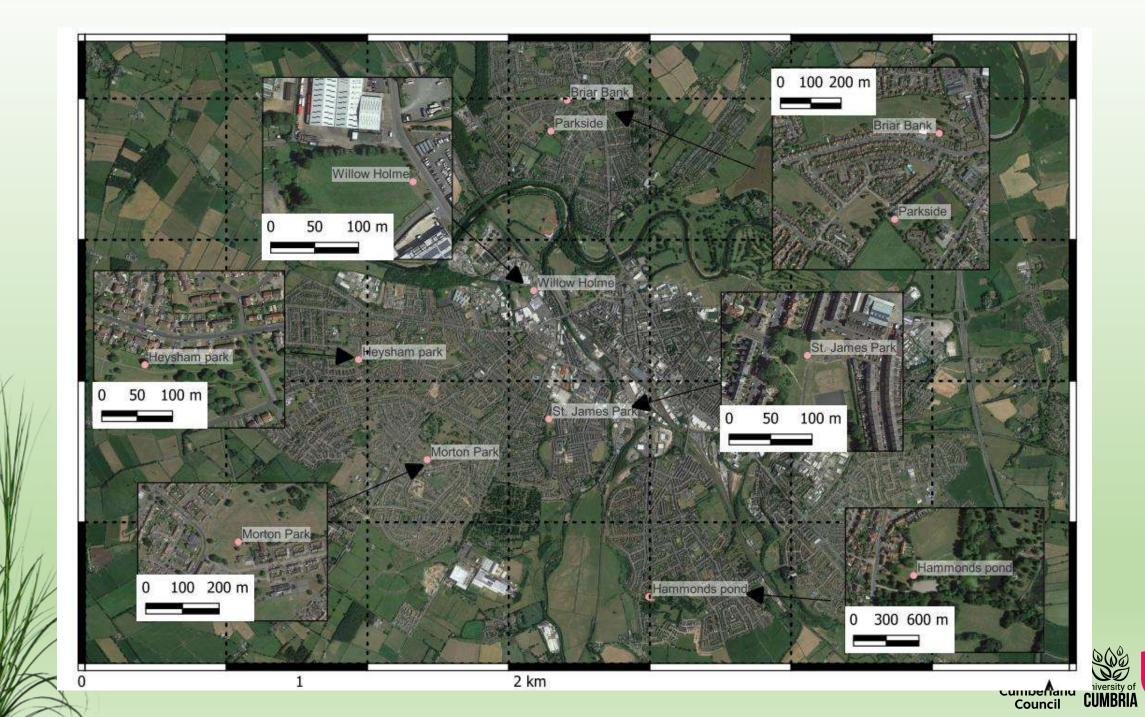




# Next steps a greener Carlisle – Relaxed management and attitudes

- Reduction in cutting on a limited number of urban parks in Carlisle was trailed – 6 hectares of long grass.
- Increase in diversity of insects and arthropods were recorded in unmown grass
- Negative attitudes of the public were offset with positive signage, messaging and website.





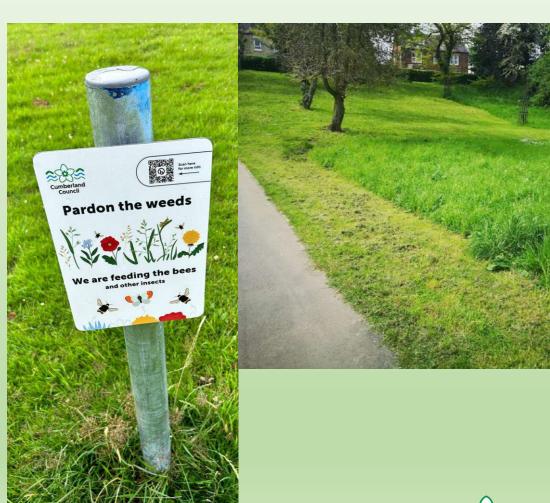
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## Signage and getting the public on board

- QR codes linking to information on what's going on – real time data
- Information on why it is important to mitigate insect decline
  - Subtle reminder to the public that it is not all about the bees

http://tinyurl.com/jabws3bh





# Involvement of schools and the community

- Each park tied to a school and those schools use it as a resource schools can be used in the monitoring.
- One hour taught session where the kids are just let loose into the grass
- TAKE HOME: Kids love this –
   it's the parents who are
   obsessed with their plastic
   lawns and hot tubs



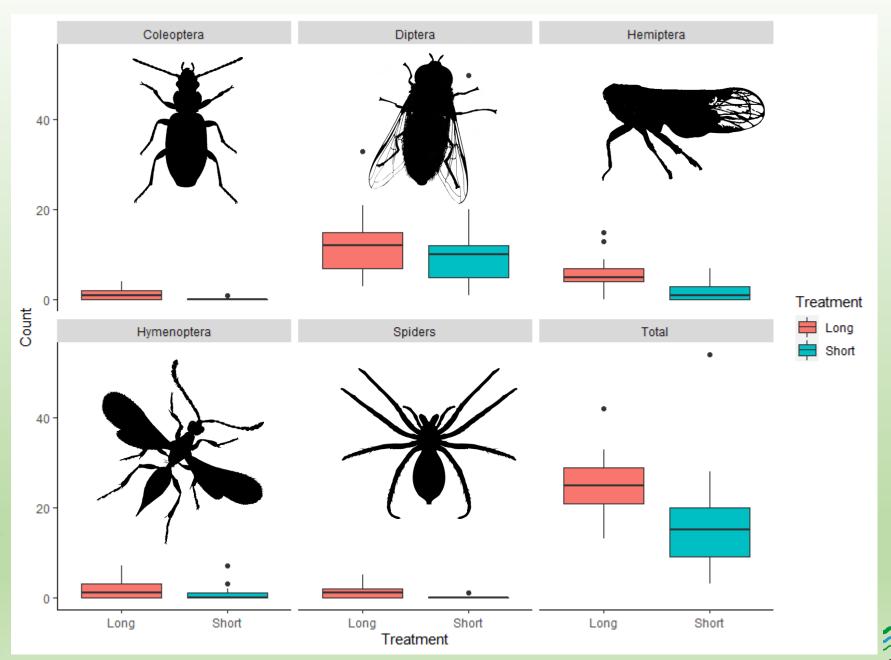




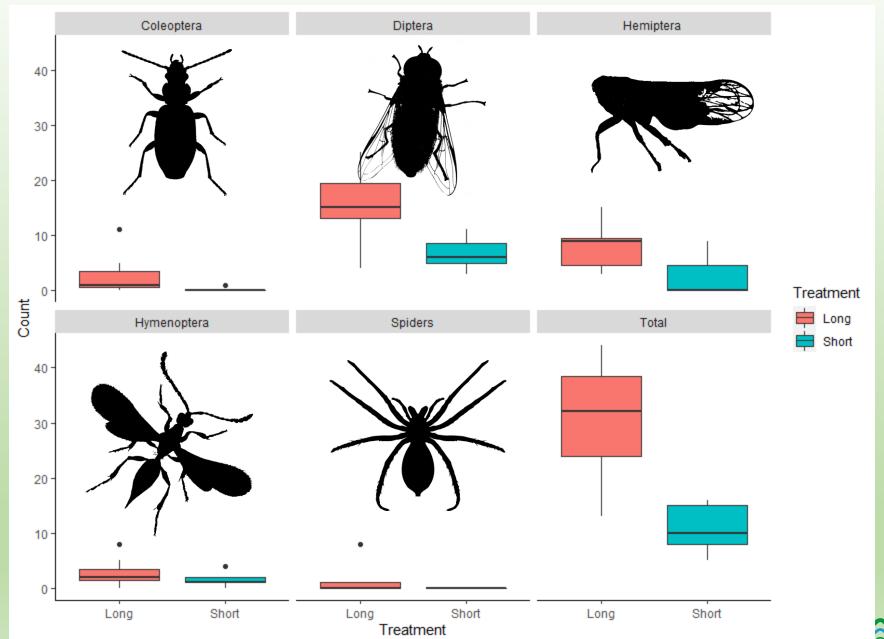
#### The evidence

- Most taxa increasing from the uncut to long grass areas no real surprise
- Each taxa responding slightly differently
- Some unusual species turning up in pan traps and sweep netting...

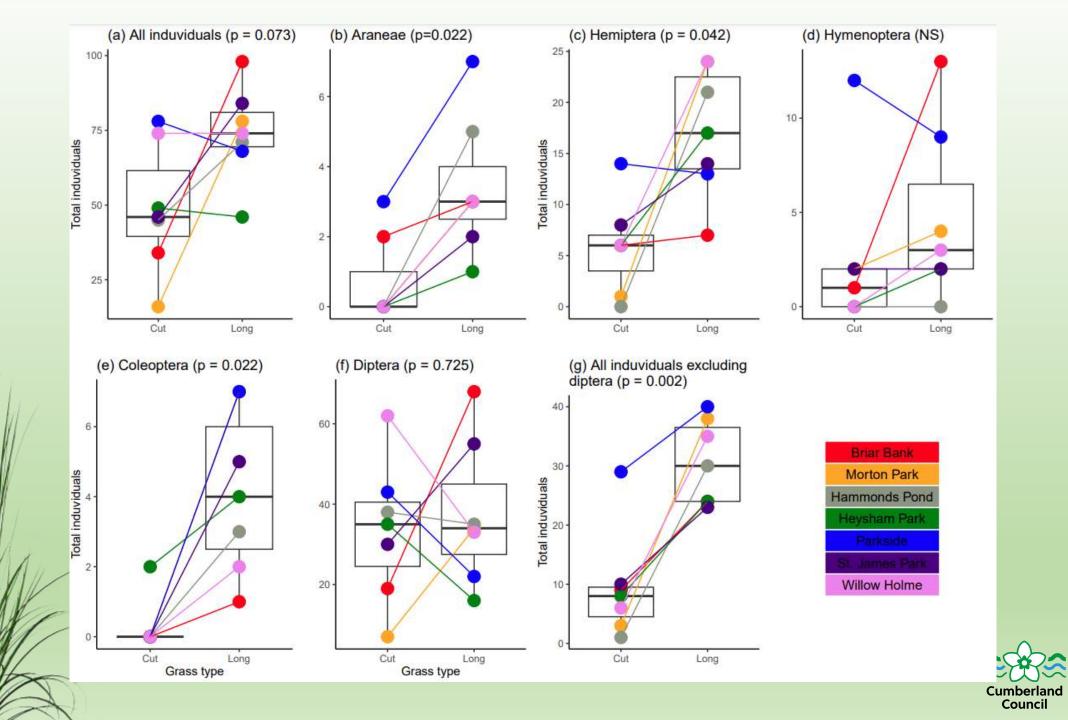












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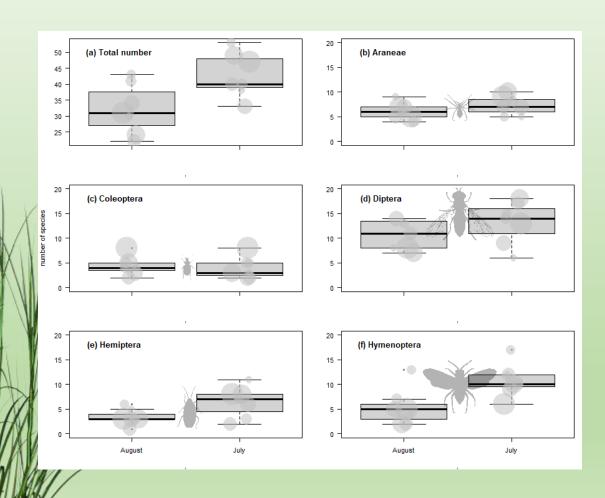
University of CUMBRIA

### Overall

- Number of arthropods is doubling in the long grass versus the mowed grass areas.
- Changing the management for a third of a site, would AT LEAST double the number of insects for a whole site!



## Pan trap data – species richness



- Pan traps giving a good indication of species richness on the sites
- No evidence that there is a species area relationship effect



### Community outreach — the future

- Schools getting schools to adopt a grassland!
- Working with university partners,
  local biodiversity data centre, and Tullie Museum
- Signage for peoples' gardens
- Yearly monitoring days / Bioblitz events
- University to adopt projects for monitoring
- Roll this out over all of Cumberland!
- Since 2023, now doubled from 6ha to 12ha
  of amenity grass left long.





#### Take homes

- It is cheap!
- It has a massive impact at the local scale
- It potentially makes maintenance teams jobs easier
  - particularly on wet / sloped ground





#### Relax in the park by Chris Reed

I shave every day before work.

At weekends and holidays, I don't always shave.

Letting grass grow is the same.

It reminds the outdoors to relax and not work too

hard.

Let our open space set the tone for the humans.

Relax in the park.

