# Impact of air pollution on respiratory disease

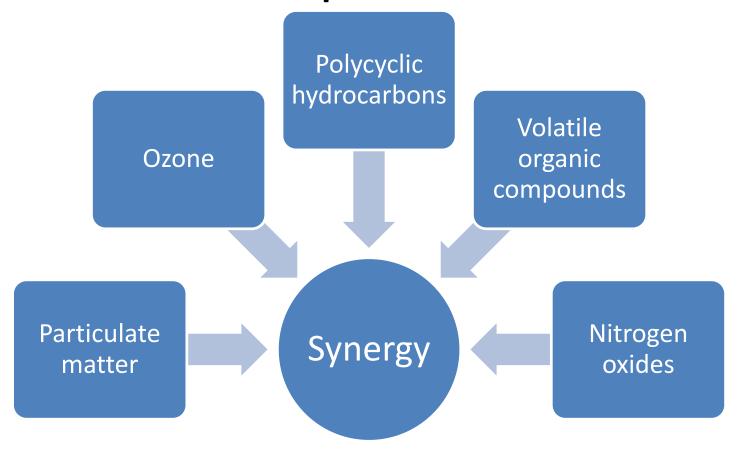
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#### Which pollutants?





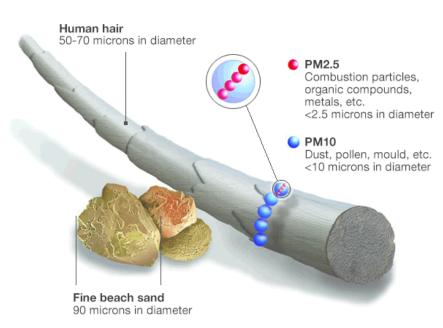
10,000 The lung as a sieve

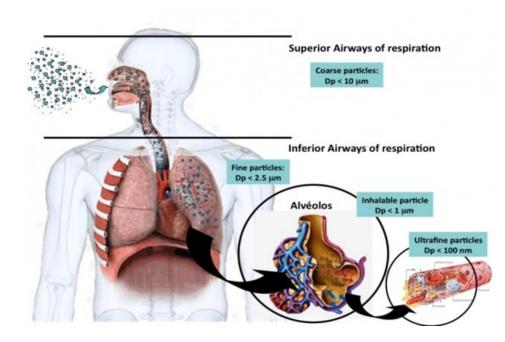
litres of air/day





#### Particulate matter



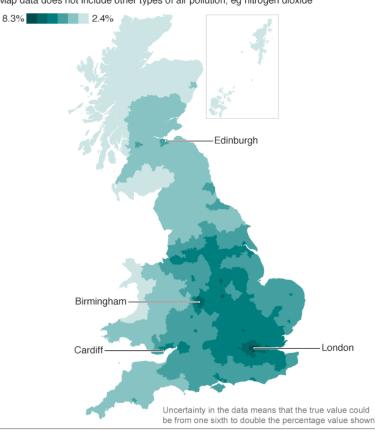


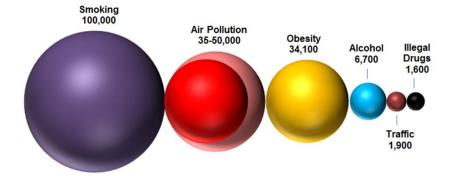
Source: US EPA

### Major cause of mortality

#### Air pollution deaths

Estimated percentage of adult deaths attributable to PM 2.5 particulate air pollution Map data does not include other types of air pollution, eq nitrogen dioxide





### Susceptible groups

- Children
  - Increased respiratory volume per weight
  - More sensitive to airways irritation and higher risk of developing infections
- Elderly
  - Poorer immune systems and less reserve
- Pre-existing conditions
  - Asthma / COPD
- Pregnancy
  - Reduced birth weight and increased maternal complications

# Respiratory symptoms and medication usage

- Increases in particulate matter associated with
  - Severe asthma symptoms
  - Missed school days
  - Increase in adult asthma exacerbations
  - Increased medication usage



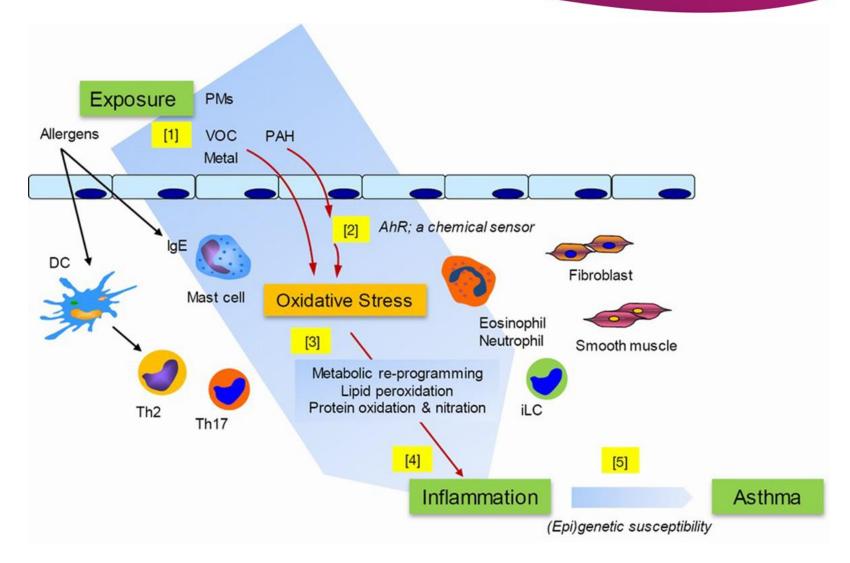
#### Healthcare utilisation

- Increases in particulate matter associated with
  - Hospitalisation with bronchiolitis in infants

Children attending ED with asthma

Adult hospitalisation due to respiratory symptoms





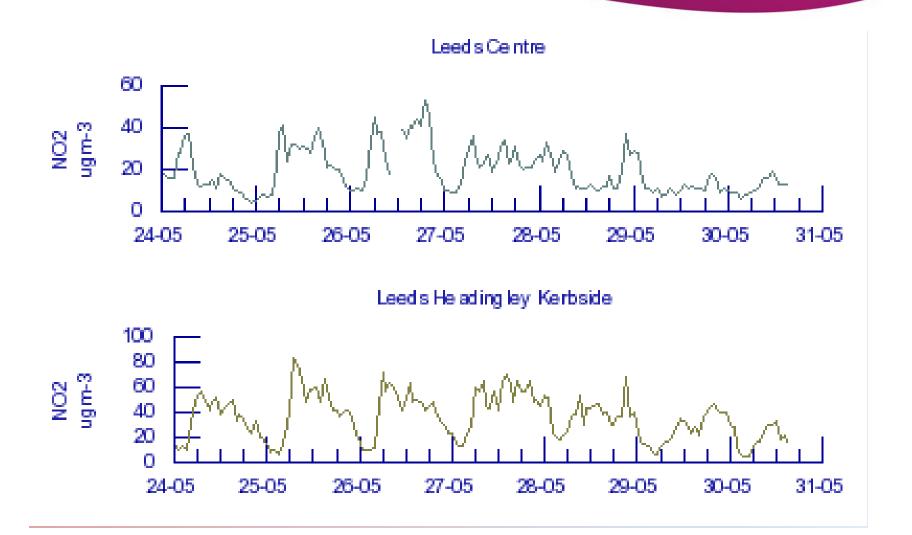
#### Does intervention work?

Harm reduction

Biological evidence of harm

Epidemiological evidence of harm





# Southern California experience

Historically plagued by high pollution levels

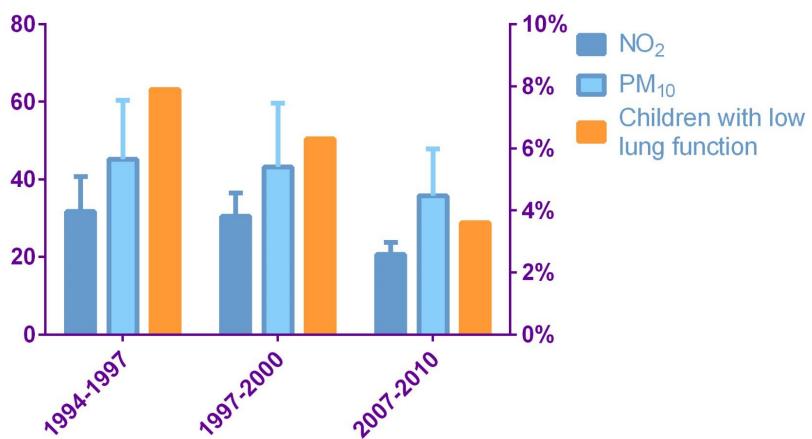
Number of interventions to reduce air pollution

Air pollution trending downwards





# Improvements in pollution and lung function

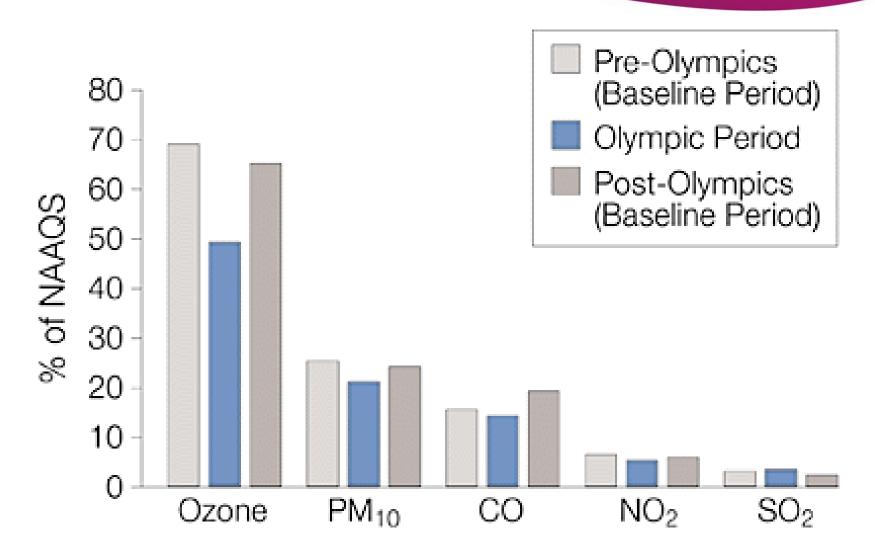




#### Can traffic congestion measures help?

- At Atlanta Olympics strategies introduced to minimise increase in traffic congestion
  - Integrated public transpot
  - Park and ride schemes
  - Alternate working hours
  - Teleworking
  - Closure of downtown to private cars
  - Altered delivery schedules

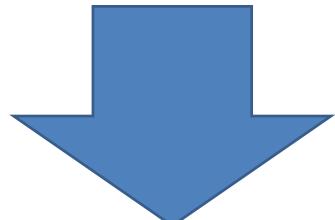






#### Effect on asthma admissions

 40% decrease in asthma admissions during 17 days of Olympic compared to 4 weeks preand post- event







# A model for public health



# Impact of smoking ban

Reduced respiratory symptoms in bar-workers

Reduction in second-hand smoke exposure

Reduction in heart attacks

#### Source:

Ayers et al. Occ environmental med; 66: 339-346 Haw. BMJ; 2007; 335 Goodman et al. Int J Pub Health 2009; 54: 367-378



### A more productive city?

Improved air quality

Improved health of population

Improved health of individuals





Harm from asbestos exposure first recognised during early 20<sup>th</sup> Century Asbestos producers well aware of

Asbestos use restrictions only really in place at the end of 20<sup>th</sup> Century despite strong evidence of harm!



dangers in the 1930s