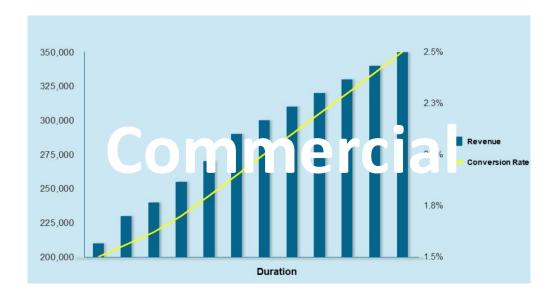


Sustainable buildings for social outcomes

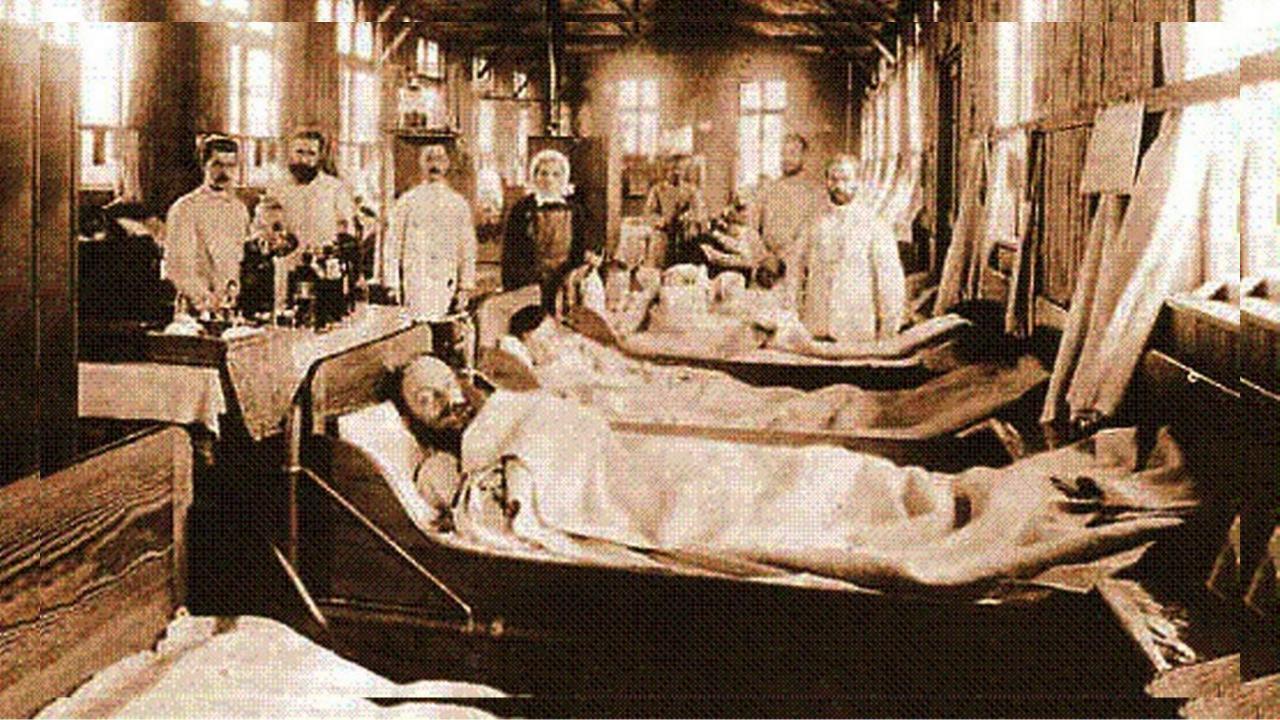
Environmental innovation in facilities design











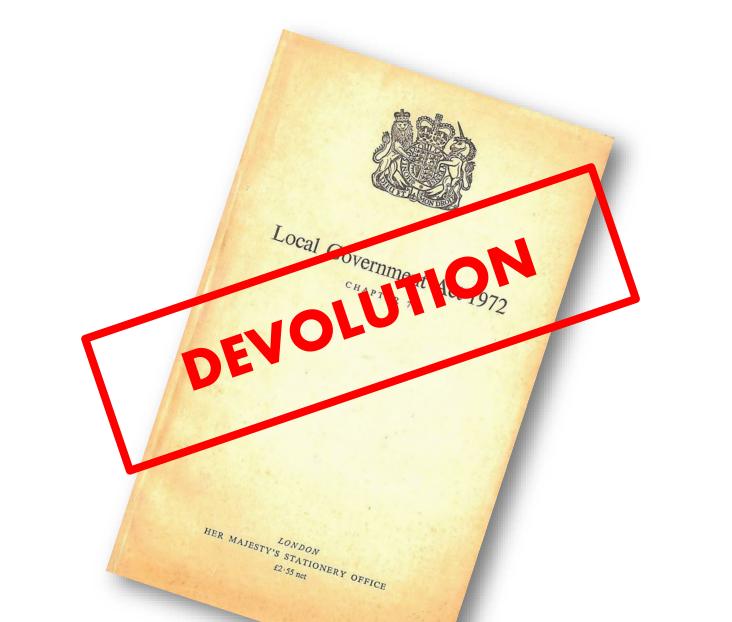






Local Government Act 1972

HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE





A POLICY FOR THE ARTS

THE FIRST STEPS

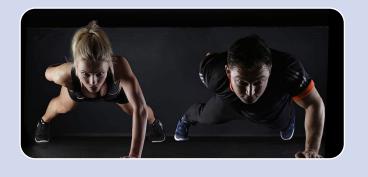
Presented to Parliament by the Prime Minister by Command of Her Majesty February 1965

HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE PRICE IS. 6d. NET

We have a systems designed to fulfil funding and procurement criteria

Rather than solutions defined by your community

GROWTH GROWTH







Serious Leisure Casual Leisure Project based Leisure

Outcome based thinking vs Bottom line thinking









SUSTAINABLE GEALS DEVELOPMENT

17 GOALS TO TRANSFORM OUR WORLD









3 GOOD HEALTH
AND WELL-BEING



4 QUALITY EDUCATION



5 GENDER EQUALITY



6 GLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



13 CLIMATE



4 LIFE BELOW WATER



15 LIFE ON LAND



16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

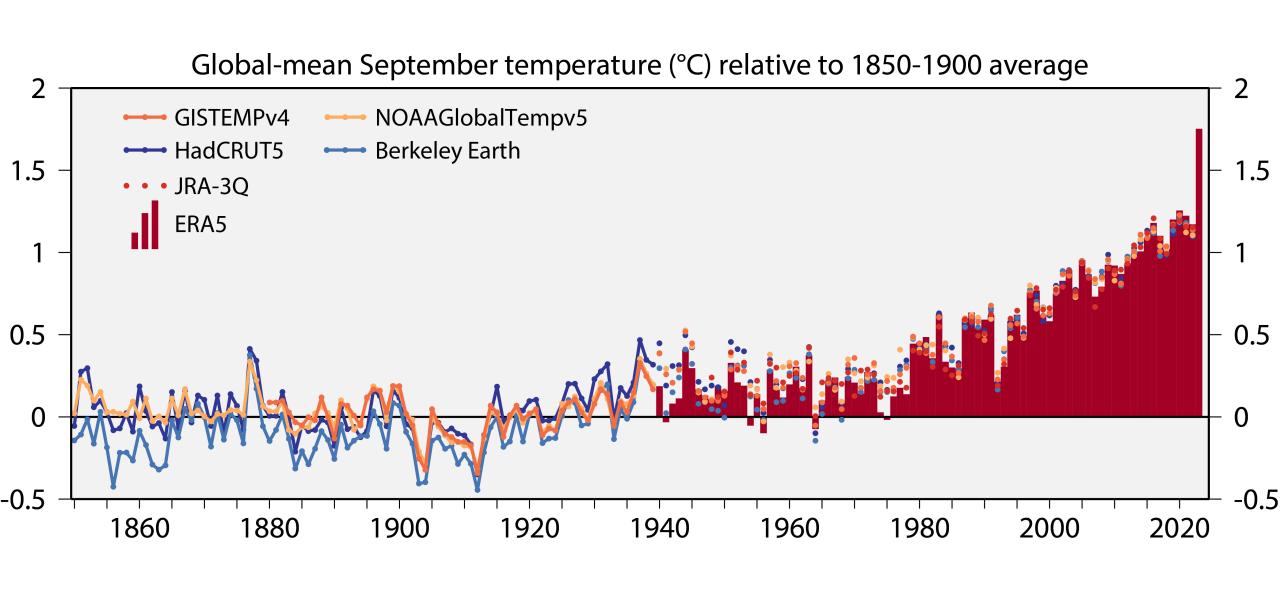


17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



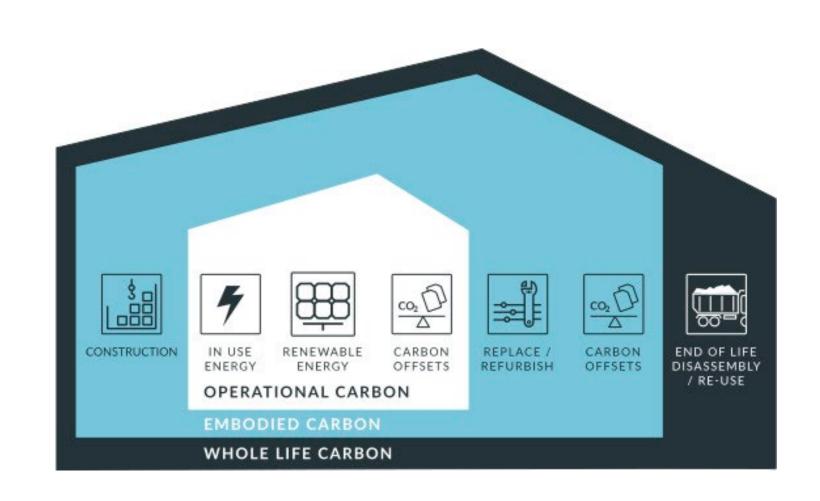


Social Environment Economic Measurements



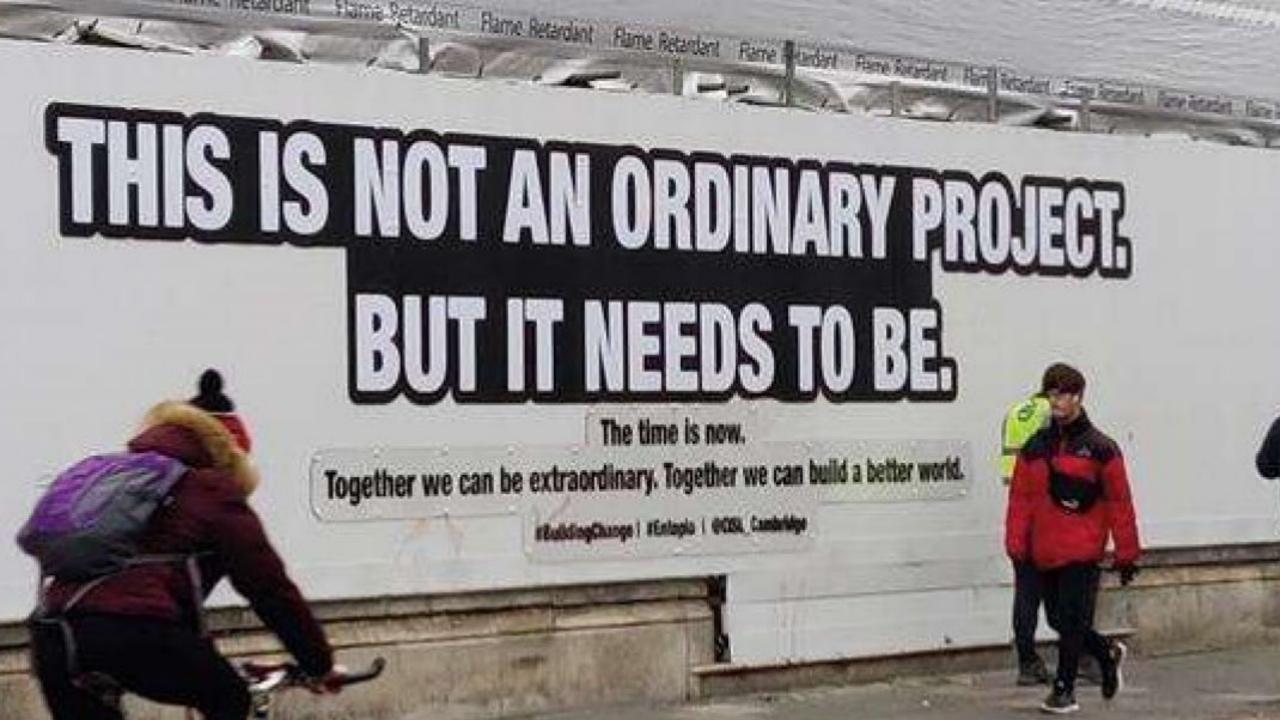


What is net-zero carbon development?

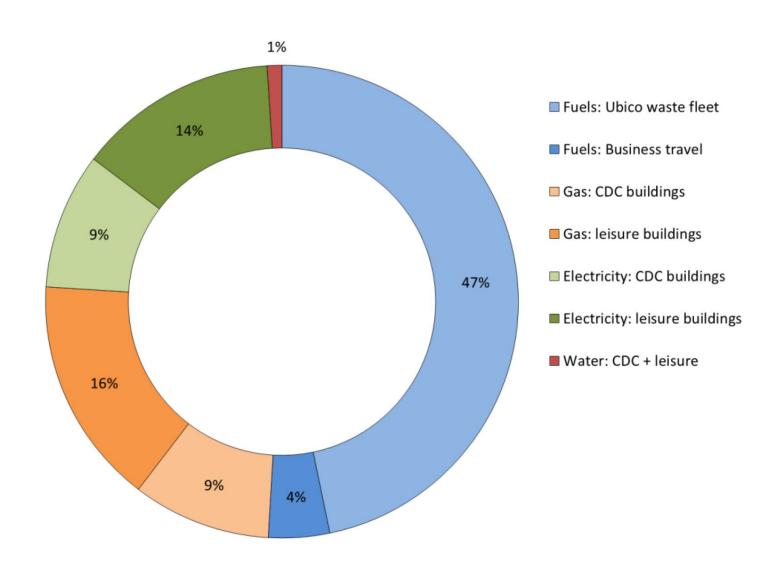








Cotswold District Council corporate emissions by source 2019/20

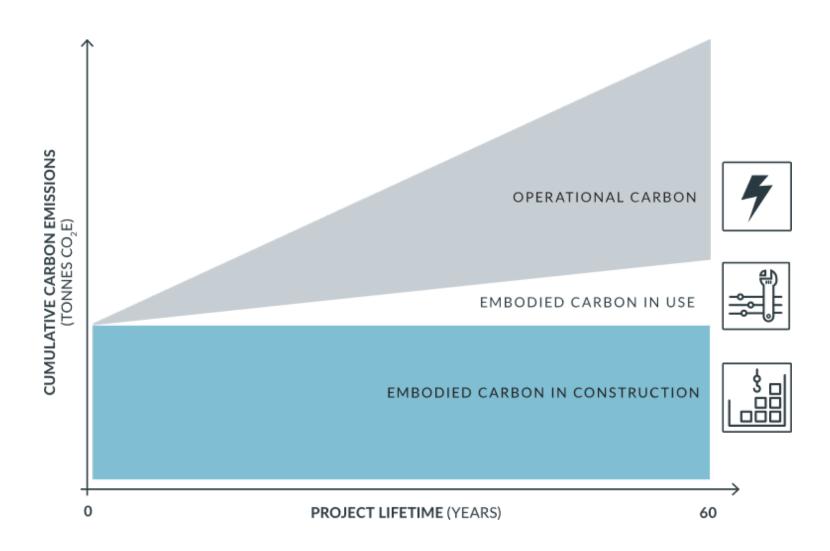


Net Zero Carbon.

Whole life assessment.

Cumulative carbon emissions.

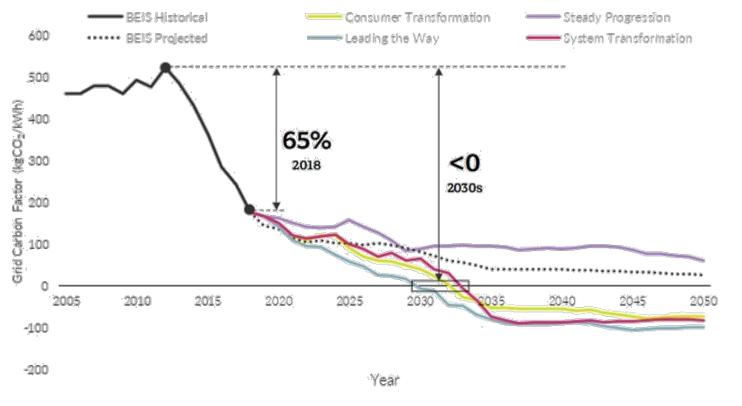
Typical 60-year whole life assessment.







Grid decarbonisation.



2025 : UK GAS BOILER BAN

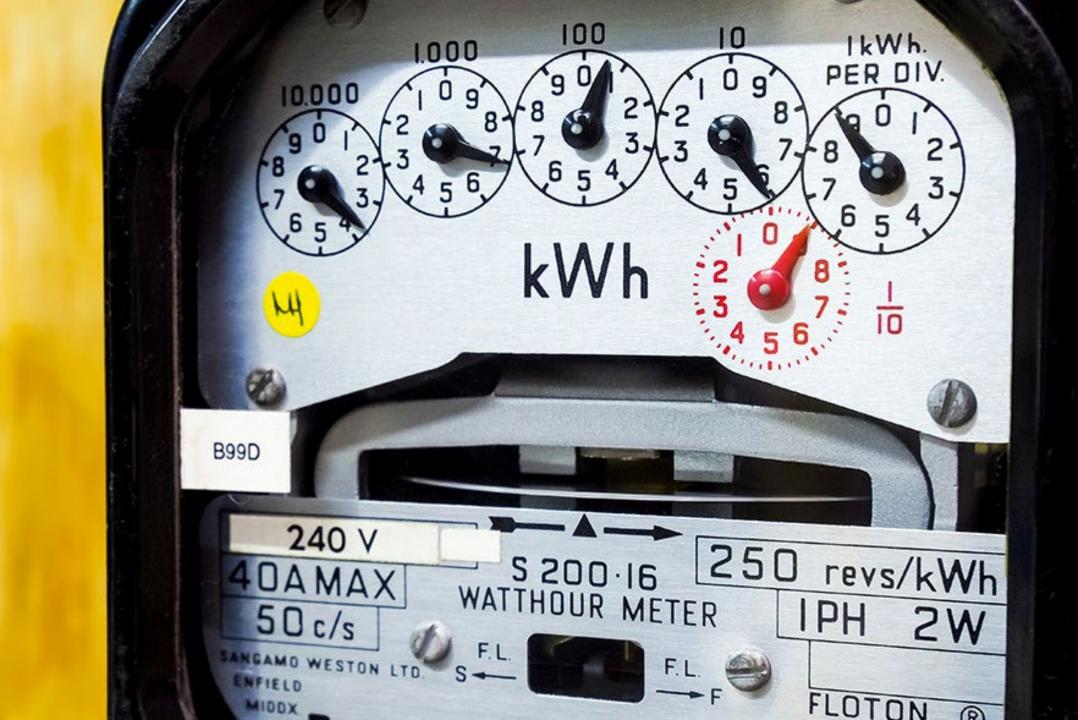
2030 : IPCC CARBON NEUTRAL TARGET TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM +1.5°c.



% reduction in carbon emissions since 2012 to 2018

0.05

kgCO₂/kWh likely by 2035





Reduce energy load

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

UN Development Goals



Development Framework



Define Sustainable Development Goals

- 1. ENERGY PERFORMANCE
 - 2. NET ZERO CARBON
- 3. GOOD HEALTH AND WELLBEING
 - 4. SUSTAINABLE WATER USAGE
 - **5. ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY**
- **6. CONNECTIVITY AND TRANSPORT**
 - 7. SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES
 - 8. SOCIAL VALUE
 - 9. OTHER?

Define Accreditations and/or Assessments





Minimum Targets with certification

	Min CO2 saving target	Capex uplift	On site renewables			
BREEAM Very Good	n/a	base	n/a			
BREEAM Excellent	25%	7.5% over Breeam VG	n/a			
BREEAM Outstanding	40%	No Data	n/a			
Passivhaus Classic	Circa 70% (increased saving with off-site renewables)	15% over Breeam VG	n/a (promotion of off-site renewables)			
Passivhaus Plus	100%	No Data	≥ 60kWh/m².yr			
Passivhaus Premium	Above 100%	No Data	Renewable Energy +ve generator			
N.B. Water consumption	Estimated 50% as a consequence of PH certification					

Carbon / Energy Limits — The Future

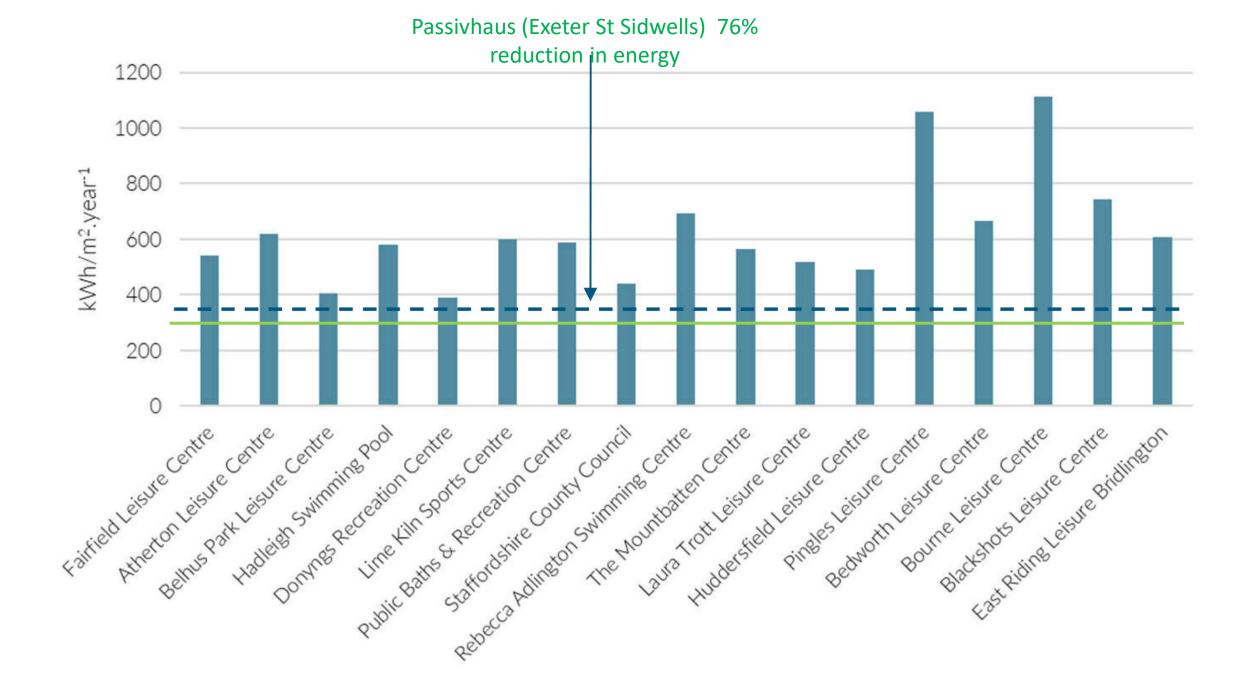


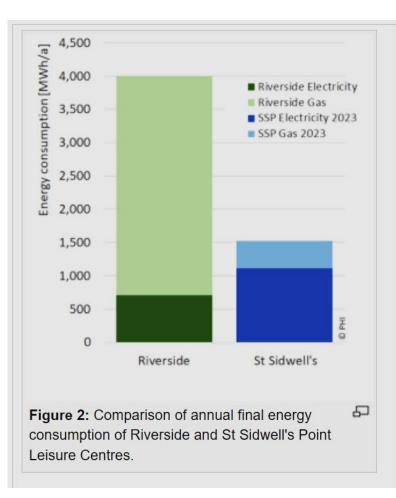


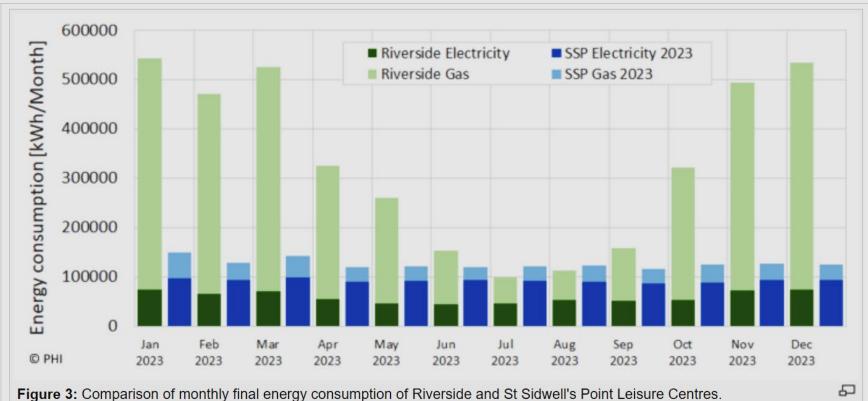




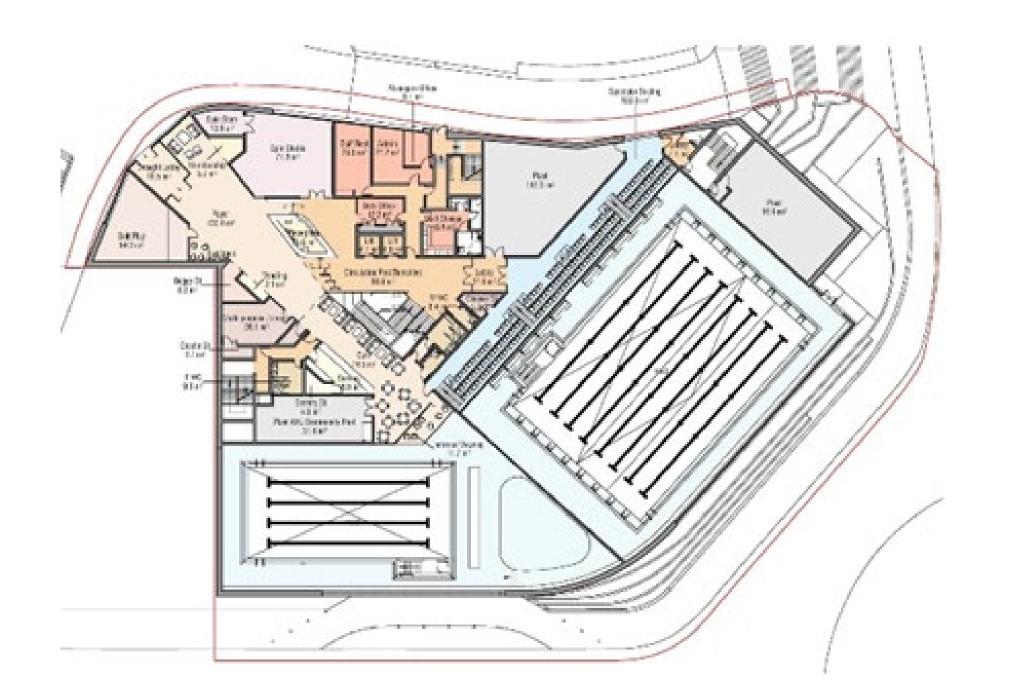
	Commercial Residential Culture & Entertainment		-Data Centres Healthcare			Higher Ed.	-Homes		Hotels	Offices (either /GIA or /NIA metrics may be used)									
	Student resi.	Care homes	Perfor-mance	-	Archives	Low utilisation	High utilisation		-	Single family homes	Flats	-	General	8	octoo IIc		Trading Floors		Supermarket
unit	8 kWh/m²GlA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	9 kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	ഗ kWh/m²GIA/yr	PUE	PUE	per NHS-NZ Standard	6 kWh/m²GlA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²NIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²NIA/yr	kWh/m²GIA/yr	kWh/m²NIA/yr	55 kWh/m²GIA/yr
2033	62	124	67	50	5	1.35	1.15	stan	79	40	38	101	64	80	94	118	109	137	152
2034	60	120	65	48	5	1.34	1.14	Z	76	39	37	98	61	77	90	113	104	130	146
2035	59	117	64	47	5	1.34	1.14	N-N	74	39	37	95	59	74	85	107	99	124	140
2036	57	114	62	46	5	1.33	1.13	Ξ	71	38	37	92	56	70	81	102	94	118	134
2037	55	110	60	44	5	1.32	1.12	per	68	37	36	89	53	67	77	97	89	112	128
2038	54	107	59	43	5	1.32	1.12	As	66	37	36	86	51	64	73	92	84	105	122
2039	52	104	57	42	5	1.31	1.11		63	36	36	83	48	60	69	87	79	99	116
2040	50	100	55	40	4	1.3	1.1		60	35	35	80	45	57	64	80	74	93	110
2050	50	100	55	40	4	1.3	1.1		60	35	35	80	45	57	64	80	74	93	110











The Passivhaus Zoning Concept

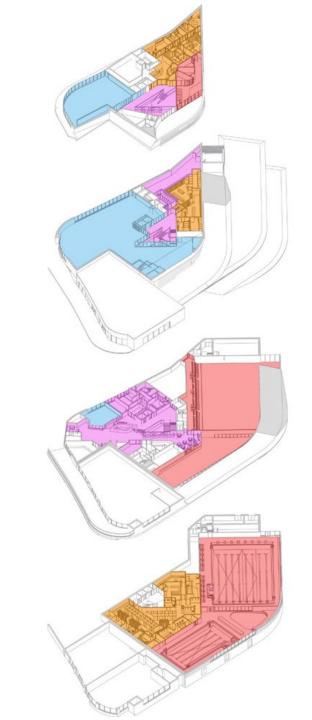
- Reduce energy demand through planning
- ➤ Thermal zones minimise heat transfer
- Extensive glazing to maximise daylight
- > Vertical core natural ventilation

Thermal zoning: hot

warm

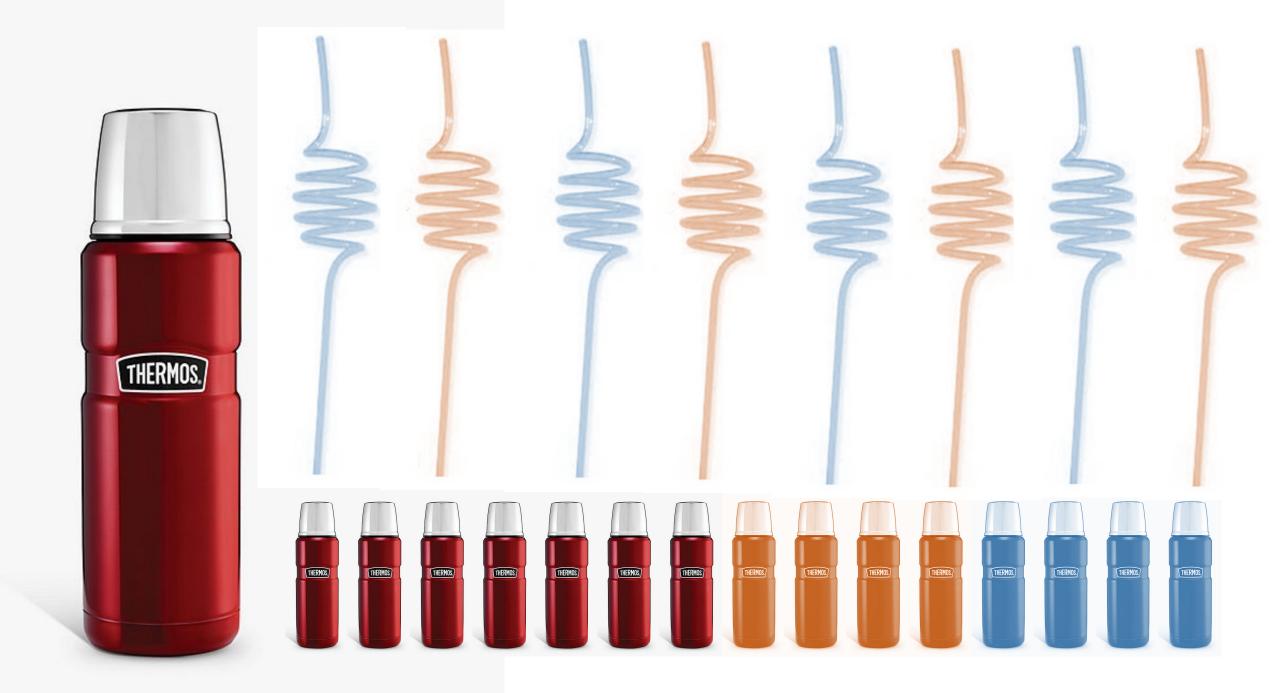
temperate

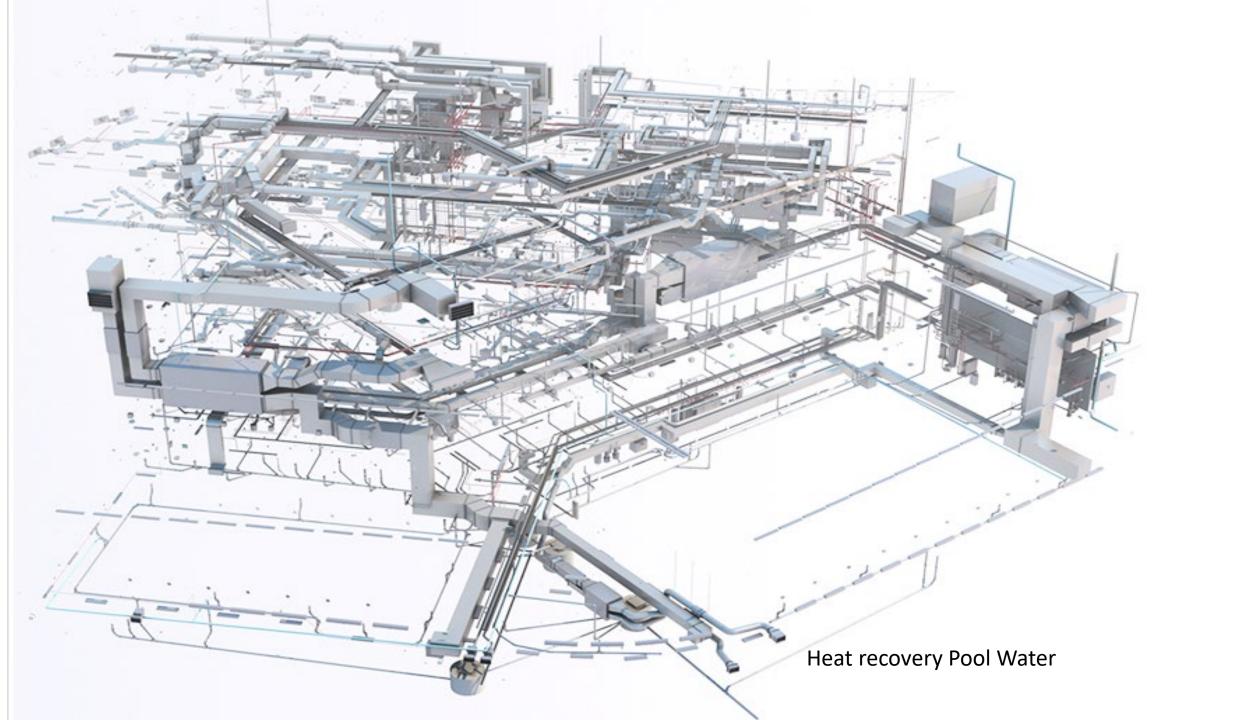
cooled

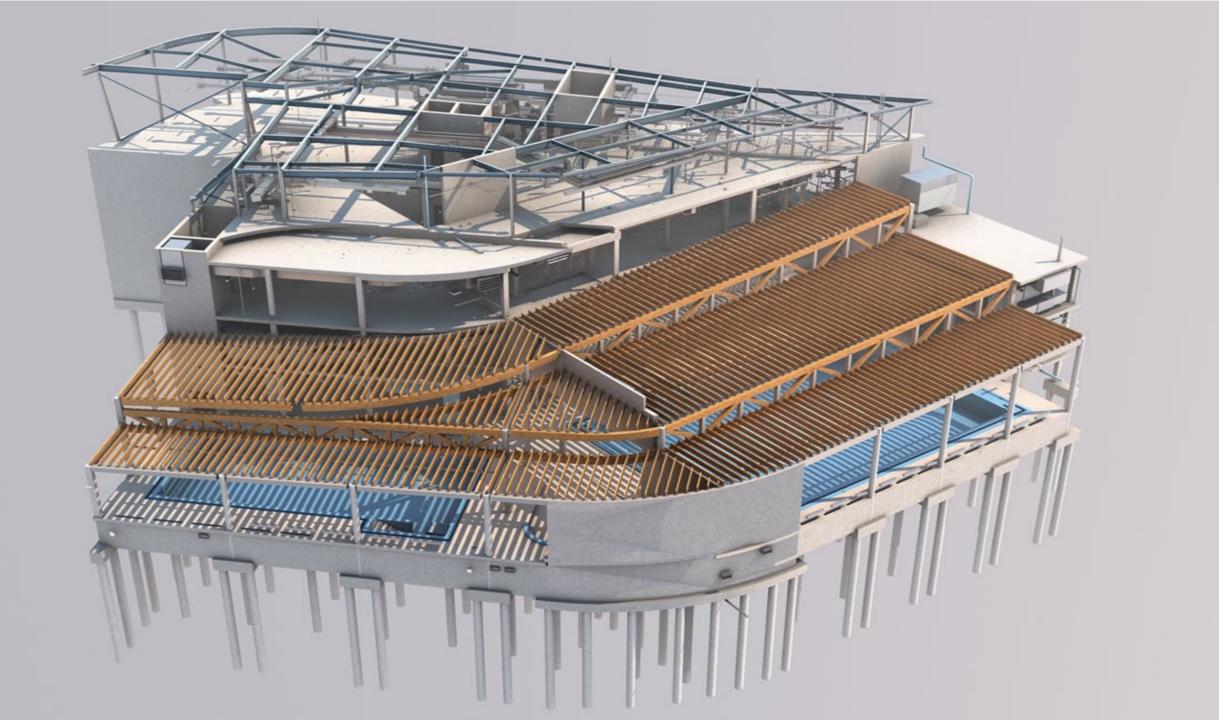






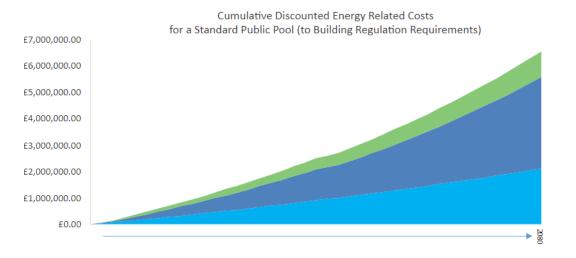








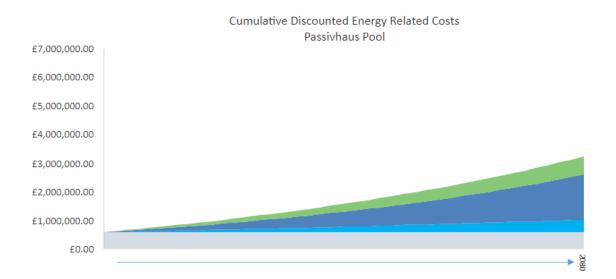
Cumulative Costs for Swimming Pool Building, Built to 2020 Building Regulation Requirements



Cumulative costs for swimming pool building, built to 2020 Building Regulation requirements, for heating/ventilation, hot water/filtration and lighting

All costs have been discounted at 5% to represent present value. A conservative annual increase in fuel costs of 4% has been allowed for and a reduction of heating demand of 30% from 2050 to 2080 has been included.

Cumulative Costs for <u>Passivhaus</u> Swimming Building



Cumulative costs for swimming pool building, built to Passivhaus standard, for heating/ventilation, hot water/filtration and lighting.

All costs have been discounted at 5% to represent present value. A conservative annual increase in fuel costs of 4% has been allowed for and a reduction of heating demand of 30% from 2050 to 2080 has been included.

















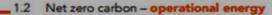






1. Establish Net Zero Carbon Scope*







2. Reduce Construction Impacts

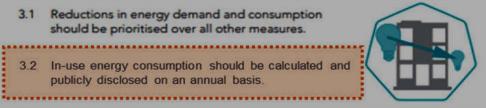
- 2.1 A whole life carbon assessment should be undertaken and disclosed for all construction projects to drive carbon reductions
- 2.2 The embodied carbon impacts from the product and construction stages should be measured and offset at practical completion



3. Reduce Operational Energy Use

- 3.1 Reductions in energy demand and consumption should be prioritised over all other measures.
- 3.2 In-use energy consumption should be calculated and publicly disclosed on an annual basis.

,...........



4. Increase Renewable Energy Supply

- 4.1 On-site renewable energy source should be prioritised
- 4.2 Off-site renewables should demonstrate additionality



5. Offset Any Remaining Carbon



- 5.1 Any remaining carbon should be offset using a recognised offsetting framework
- 5.2 The amount of offsets used should be publicly disclosed













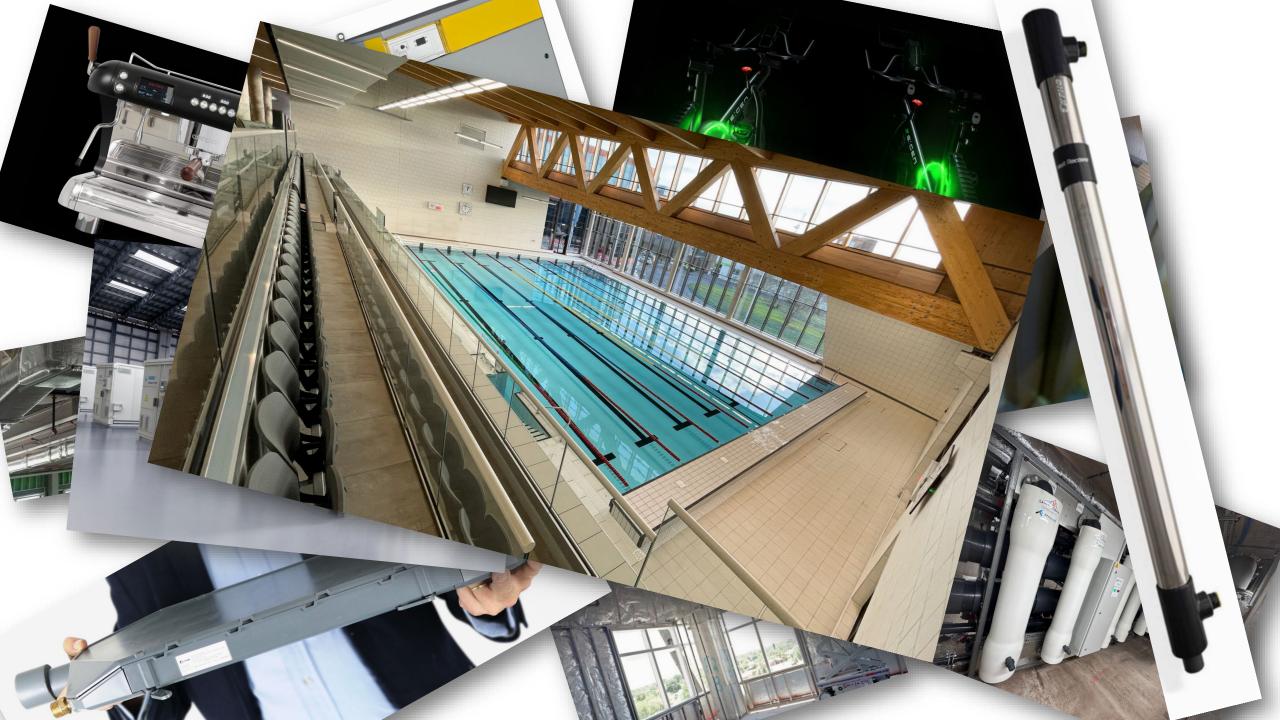
















Professional Services Framework

Lot 10 (architecture)

Lot 19 (leisure consultancy)

Lot 7 (decarbonisation)



Construction Framework

value/region specific + decarbonisation

Development Framework

value/region specific

SPACE SPLACE

Keith.ashton@space-place.com



