Going for Zero

An overview of Oxford's Zero Emission Zone Plans

Mai Jarvis

Environmental Quality Team Manager



Oxford ban on non-electric cars by 2020

ALL petrol and diesel vehicles could be banned from central Oxford in just over

The city's 'Zero Emission Zone' would see petrol and diesel cars, taxis and buses petrolated from etc. taxis and buses

excluded from six streets from 2020. Under strict anti-pollution proposals, this area would be expanded in 2025 and 2030 until eventually all non-electric traffic, including HGVs, would be stopped from entering the entire city centre by 2035. Councils have been ordered to draw up

plans to crack down on air pollution, with a focus on diesel engines which produce higher levels of emissions that cause respiratory diseases. London is introducing a £10 'T-charge' later this month on top of the congestion charge for vehicles that do not meet minimum emission standards. The Government also plans to ban the sale of all

new petrol and diesel vehicles by 2040. while a partial traffic ban has existed on

leaders claim their proposed scheme could eventually cut levels of harmful nitrogen

John Tanner, Oxford City Council's cabinet member for environment, said: 'Air pollution in the city centre is damaging the health of Oxford's residents. A step change is urgently needed; the Zero Emission Zone

The council is launching a six-week conis that step change. sultation seeking views on the plans.

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Oxford will be first British city to ban all polluting vehicles

Ben Webster Environment Editor

Petrol and diesel vehicles will be banned from the centre of Oxford under plans to create Britain's first "zero-emission zone".

Starting from 2020 only electric vehicles will be permitted on a steadily growing number of streets in the city. The plans contrast with London, where

drivers of polluting cars will still be able to enter the centre if they pay a fee.

The proposals from Oxford city council and Oxfordshire council will almost halve nitroge ide pollution by 2020 on some city's most polluted roads.

The authorities are the first duce comprehensive plans for ing air quality since the gove announced in July that 29 towns and cities would need to address illegal levels of pollution. All will have to proand neonosals by the end of

older vehicles with combustion engines are expected to remain on the roads for decades.

Under Oxford's plans, the zero-emis-

caught by automatic number plate recognition cameras and fined, with the penalty expected to start at £60. HGVs will be exempt until 2035 to

Oxford to be a zero-emission city OXFORD is to become the first place in

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AN END TO ALL THEIR Warmer I had a new fire year emission years but with partial and disselvable in Red his

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NON-ELECTRIC vehicles are set to be hanned from Oxford city centre by 2035 in what is believed to be the world's first Zero Emissions Zone.

The new zone will see all get from 2000. That area will then tropen dioxide (NOD) down d and diesel basis, cars and he expanded in 2005 and 2006 to to near-background levels. encompass the settlew city cen with as much as a 74 per cent

Aldate's and most of High

Finally, in 2005, HGVs.

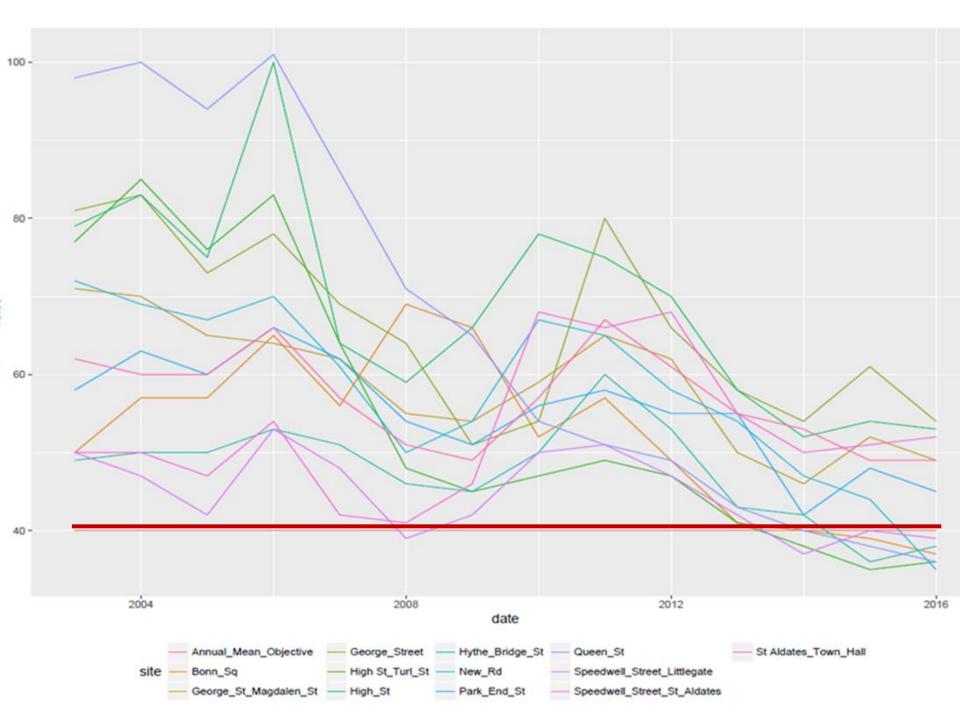
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(NO2) to near-background levels, with as much as a 74 per cent reduction in one street. John Tanner, Oxford city council's environment chief, said the move is "urgently needed".

The scheme will cost bus operators, taxi firms, haulage companies and councils an estimated £14 million. Even council bin lorries and gritting vehicles

The local authority will spend £7 million on administration and a new CCTV system with automatic number plate recognition to enforce the ban.

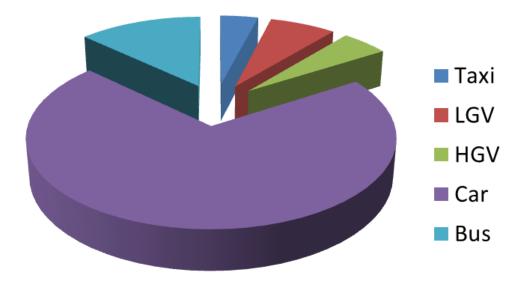


"...to start a city centre zeroemission zone for all vehicles by 2020, with the zone being gradually expanded over time as the required infrastructure and technology develops..."

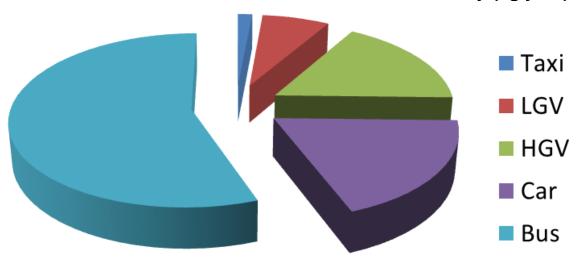


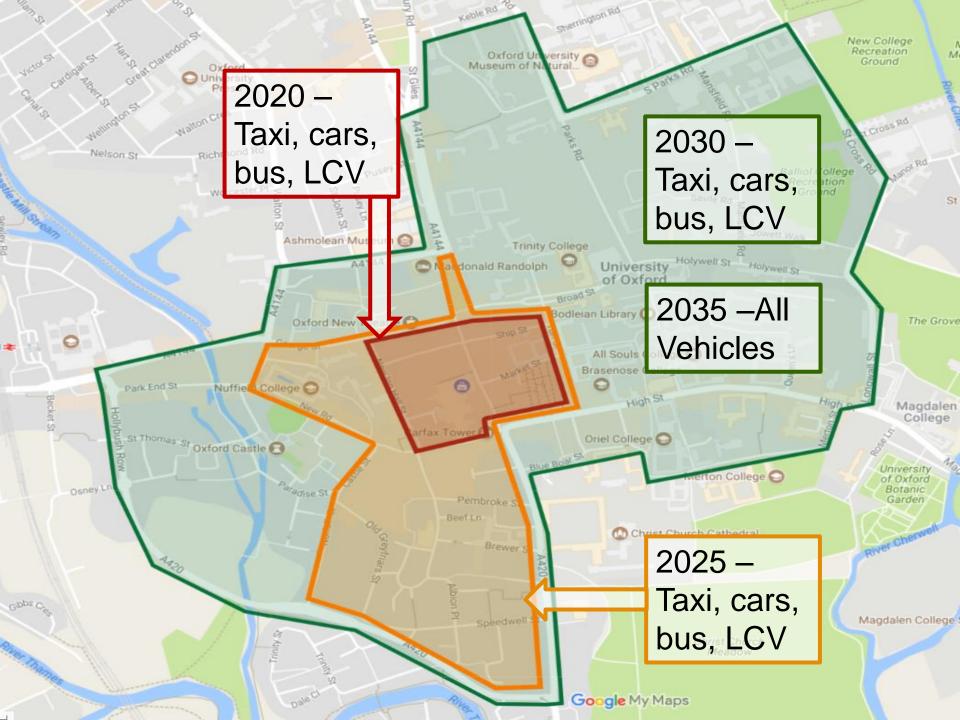
Monitoring site	2015		2020
	Monitored	Modelled	BAU
BP City Motors	44	45	35
Beaumont St	4 4	43	38
George Street/ Magdalen Street	52	42	34
Worcester St	5 0	44	38
High Street	5 4	51	35
George St	61	47	38
Royal Oxford Hotel	40	40	32
Park End Street	48	41	33
50 High St	45	43	45
New Road	4 4	45	34
Botley Rd / Hill View Rd	40	37	32
St Aldate's	49	42	33
Castle Street	47	48	38
St Clements	67	67	56
Speedwell Street / St Aldate's	51	41	33
Speedwell Street / Littlegate	40	42	34
Folly Bridge	40	35	30
Weirs Lane/Abingdon Road Lamp Post 1	42	38	33

Estimated traffic levels in city centre (vkm/day)



Estimated NOx emission in each zone boundary (kg/year)



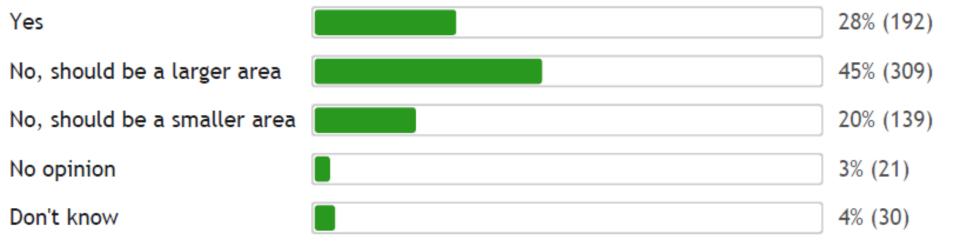




How important is it to tackle poor air quality in Central Oxford?

Very Important	70% (485)
Important	20% (139)
Neither Important or unimportant	6% (44)
Unimportant	2% (14)
Very unimportant	1% (9)
Don't know	0% (0)

Are the proposed ZEZ zones appropriate?



Issues Raised

Other complimentary schemes / measures needed

Concerns over infrastructure

Concerns over deliveries / collections

Better public transport needed

Disabled / older / less able need to park in centre

Incentives / funding for vehicle upgrades / subsidies

Expensive to replace private car

Opportunities for delivery / collection consolidation / models of delivery

Concerns about fleets - buses and other commercial vehicles

How will my plumber get to my house in an emergency?

How will I receive my deliveries?

I drive a hybrid car —will I be allowed in ZEZ?

I can't afford an electric car –what do I do?

Where can we charge our vehicles?

How will the zone be enforced?

Challenges

Covered Market
Disabled access
Resident access
Buses

GO ULTRA LOW OXFORD (-)



Covered Market EV Ready

Electric Buses

Electric Car Clubs

Residential EV Charging

Taxi EV Charging

Test Drive the Future



Thank you

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