#### **Session 1**



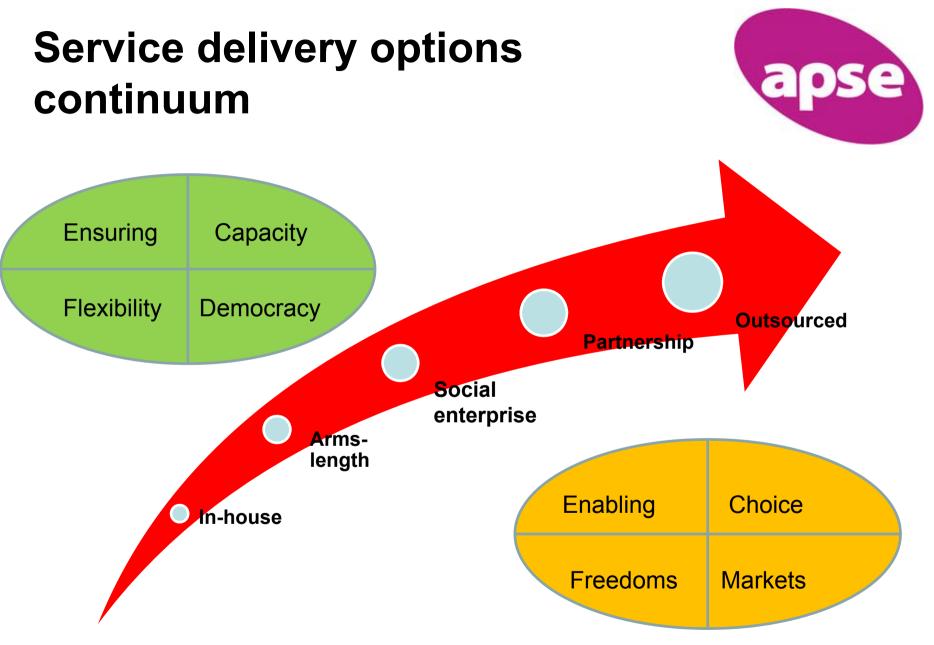
#### Mo Baines, APSE Head of Communication and Coordination

# Insourcing: A not so new phenomenon..

### Service delivery models







www.apse.org.uk

# Outsourcing



- Emerging problems
- 'Fixed costs'
- Proportion of budget 'guaranteed' to contracts = less local flexibility
- Need for client contractor split
- National audit office report into the 'big six' in public sector outsourcing

# What do contractors rely on?



- 'Fat' services
- Wedge shaped service costs reducing overtime = profit loaded to later years
- Variation costs and charges
- Flexibility = Cost increase
- Risk = more or less risk will mean less or more cost'
- 'Lazy' public procurement stick with the same contractor

### Insourcing



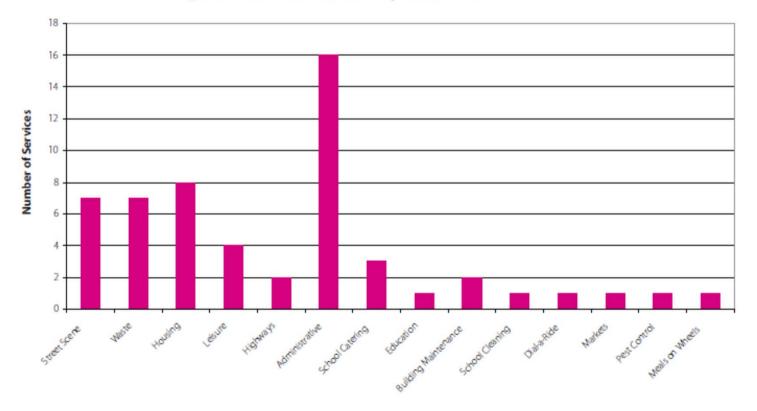
Insourcing: A guide to bringing local authority services back in-house



#### Which services



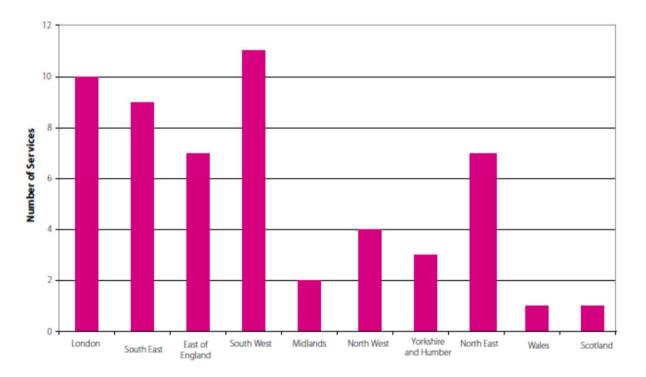
Figure 1 – Insourced services (by service area)



# By region



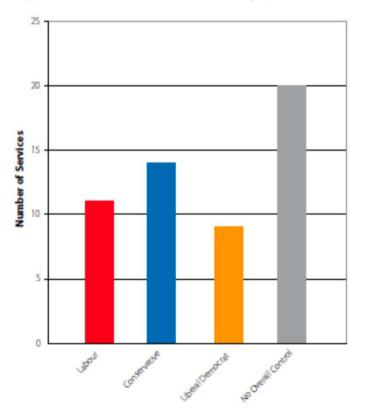
Figure 2 – Insourced services (by region)



### Is it about politics?



Figure 3 – Insourced services (by political control, May 2008)



#### **Reasons to insource**



#### Table 1 – Street Scene services

Local authority		Service area	Core reasons for return in-house
Bristol City Council	•	Grounds maintenance	Return in-house in 2008 of some contracts • Need for higher standards and better services • Contracts had reached their natural conclusion in Bristol East and North • Desire for better and more attractive neighbourhoods • Desire for a more flexible, responsive and productive workforce
High Peak Borough Council	•	Parks service	<ul> <li>Two major grounds maintenance contracts brought back in-house</li> <li>User dissatisfaction</li> <li>Cost considerations</li> <li>Desire for better performance</li> </ul>
Maidstone Borough Council	•	Grounds maintenance	<ul> <li>Returned in-house 2008 at natural end of contract</li> <li>Need for synergy between street cleansing and grounds maintenance</li> <li>Strong existing role for other DSO services</li> <li>Best Value and value for money considerations</li> <li>Existing experienced and knowledgeable workforce</li> <li>Political support for DSO</li> <li>Opportunity to build upon street cleansing benchmarking</li> </ul>
Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council	•	Street cleans- ing, grounds maintenance, refuse collection, recycling	<ul> <li>Returned in-house in 2003 at natural end of contract</li> <li>Move within the council towards area-based services</li> <li>Primary driver to enable service improvements to be delivered to meet needs and wants of local communities</li> </ul>
London Borough of Southwark	•	Street and estate cleaning	<ul> <li>Returned in-house 2003 at natural end of contract</li> <li>Poor performance of contractors</li> <li>Focus by providers upon cost rather than quality</li> <li>Poor user satisfaction with services</li> <li>Employment practices leading to less motivated workforce</li> </ul>

# Not just about money..

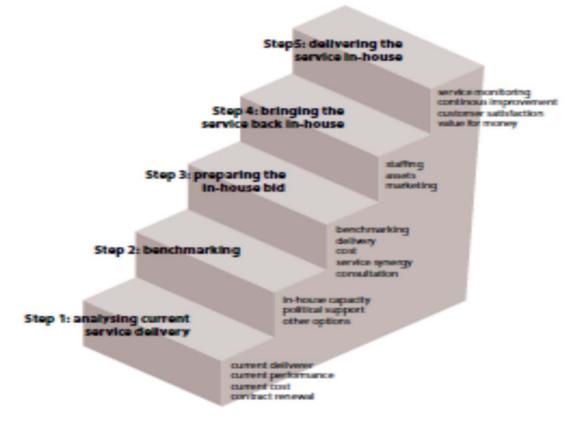


- Performance
- Integration with other services
- Customer Satisfaction
- Efficiencies
- New ways of working
- Changes to policy / political priorities
- Added public value

# Key steps to returning a service



Figure 4: key steps and considerations in insourcing services



# Is it lawful?



- Yes... you have the power to run services directly
- Consider the contractual position
- Most contracts end by mutual agreement
- If you retender beware procurement rules will still apply – but not to insourcing

# In-house service improvement



AKA... transformation, business process reengineering, lean systems thinking..

Disadvantages
Workforce changes
How quickly?
TU dynamic – overtime, rosters, working hours
Restructures, expertise?
Decision making controls?