COMMUNITY WEALTH BUILDING

Adrian Phillips
Interim Chief Executive







The 'Preston Model'

Background

- **2010** Recession Failed City Centre Redevelopment
- 2011 Incoming Labour Administration Policy Development
 - Economic Democracy & Fairness, Co-op's...
- 2012 Work with CLES 2012 on CWB
 - **Social Value in Procurement Project**

Anchor partners:

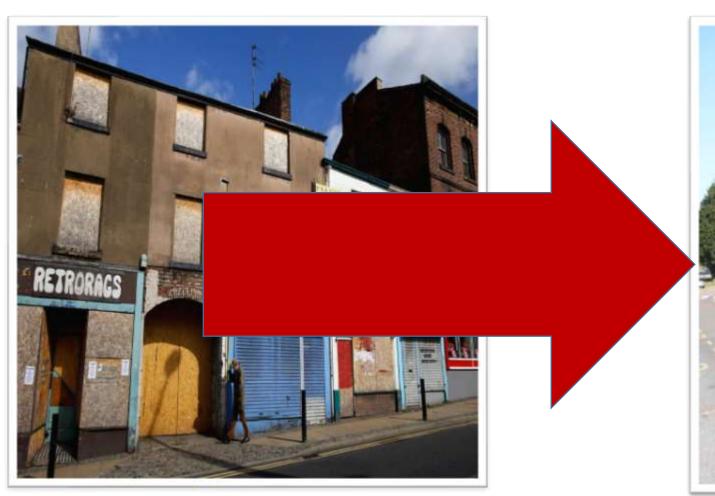
- University of Central Lancashire
- Lancashire County Council
- Preston's College
- Newman College
- Community Gateway Housing
- Lancashire Constabulary



Community Wealth Building the foundation

- Our anchor strategy has large placed based institutions in Preston and Lancashire
 with a combined spend of nearly £1 billion per annum increasing spending to local
 suppliers to benefit our community and we are encouraging insourcing.
- £100m placed based investment by our local government pension fund in student flats, hotel and office space through our City Deal we wish to build on.
- Expanding co-operative and employee owned businesses through Preston's Cooperative Development Network (Presco) with UCLan and others.
- Working to establish the Lancashire Community Bank and continue to support our credit union (Clevr) and CDFI (Lancashire Moneyline).

Public pension fund investments in Preston





Community Wealth Building the Foundation

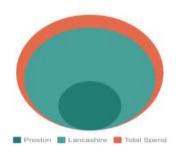
- Preston City Council is now an energy supplier across Lancashire through its partnership with a neighbouring authority through Fairerpower Red Rose.
- Opportunity for Lancashire councils to establish a more prominent housing development role through new housing companies.
- Our planning policies now encourage locally based suppliers and labour in Preston on both public and private sector developments.
- Work with the University of Central Lancashire and partners has established a Civic Drone Centre exploring how the Preston Model approach can benefit the community including through drone supply chains and clusters.





£616,863,091.08

is the total amount spent procuring goods & services by 6 anchor institutions 2016/2017. Compared to £746,730,478.83 in 2012/2013.



Preston: a total of £112,337,690.64 was spent with organisations based in Preston (18.2% of total spend)

Lancashire: a total of £488,659,587.40 was spent with organisations based in Lancashire (equivalent to 79.2% of collective spend)

PRESTON STATISTICS AT A GLANCE



LANCASHIRE STATISTICS AT A GLANCE



For further information, please visit: www.preston.gov.uk/CommunityWealthBuilding



OUTCOMES – Jobs paid less than the 'real living wage' of at least £8.75 an hour by local authority area (ONS)

Local authority	2016 Per cent	2016 jobs (thousands)	2017 Per cent	2017 jobs (thousands)
Blackburn with Darwen	30.9%	17	31.5%	18
Blackpool	36.1%	17	32.1%	16
Burnley	32.5%	9	33.7%	10
Chorley	26.1%	10	25.3%	10
Fylde	18.9%	9	19.8%	8
Hyndburn	29.0%	8	31.1%	8
Lancaster	27.8%	14	29.4%	15
Pendle	30.3%	9	21.9%	6
Preston	23.3%	19	19.3%	15
Ribble Valley	27.6%	7	23.6%	5
Rossendale	38.8%	8	36.4%	7
South Ribble	29.2%	11	25.7%	10
West Lancs	21.6%	9	22.3%	9
Wyre	34.7%	8	34.7%	8
LANCASHIRE	26.8%	120	25.4%	112



OUTCOMES - PART TIME LANCASHIRE WAGE LEVELS

Part time wage levels – 2011 Part time wage levels - 2017

Preston	£143.60	Preston	£204.20
Burnley	£149.10	Burnley	£186.40
Chorley	£141.20	Chorley	£177.80
Fylde	£161.80	Fylde	£183.30
Hyndburn	£138.20	Hyndburn	£161.00
Lancaster	£140.00	Lancaster	£158.70
Pendle	£154.60	Pendle	£175.80
Ribble Valley	#	Ribble Valley	£171.10
Rossendale	£117.20	Rossendale	£177.60
South Ribble	£128.40	South Ribble	£182.60
West Lancs	£142.80	West Lancs	£184.10
Wyre	£140.70	Wyre	£160.20
North West	£152.60	North West	£178.70
Great Britain	£153.00	Great Britain	£182.40

OUTCOMES – Social Mobility Index

In 2017 Preston improved its position from 143th to 130th in the Social Mobility Index (out of 324 local authority areas).

In 2015 we came out of the bottom 20% of most deprived areas by rank

average.

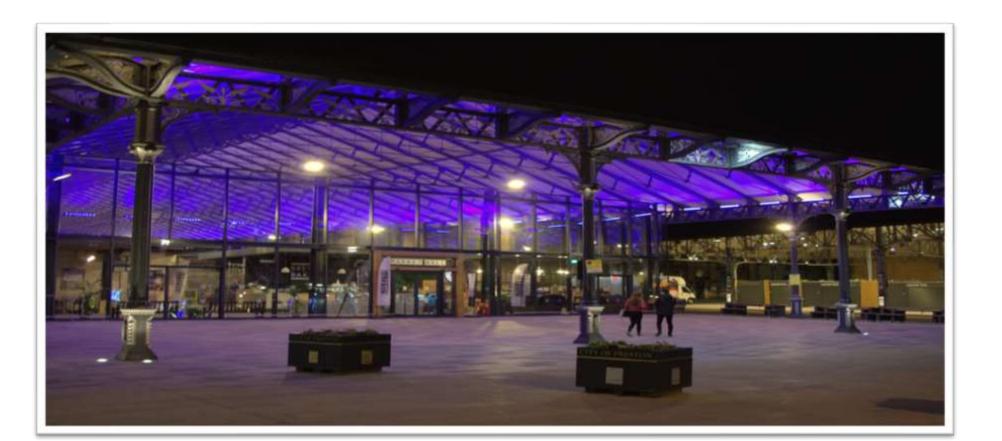




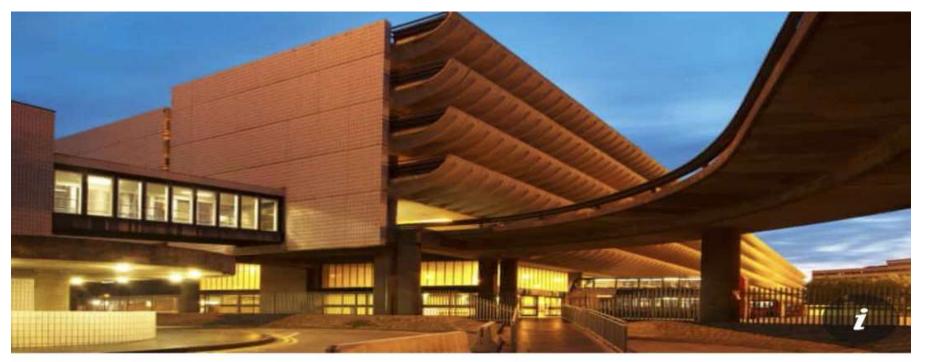
OUTCOMES – Job density

'Employee rate' has increased from 59.2% from 2014-15 to 71.8% in 2017-18 adding over 12,000 jobs.

In 2015-2016 Preston added 5% in GVA per head equivalent to £1,157.







Economic policy

Preston named as most most improved city in UK

Labour-run council with localist economic policies tops Good Growth for Cities index



Preston is most improved city in the UK

- **Preston is the most improved city** in the year's Demos-PwC Good Growth for Cities Index 2018
- Latest index analyses a decade of economic and social data which shows:
- Preston saw biggest increase in its index score of +0.28 to top the rankings
- Preston has risen to 14th in this year's overall index (20th in 2017).
- Improvement due to above average large reduction in unemployment rate falling from 6.5% in 2017 to 3.1% in 2017; and
- Rising skills amongst 16-24 year olds with 44% now holding at least an NVQ Level 3 compared with 34% in 2014; plus
- Above average improvements in work life balance; health, transport and skills amongst all ages.



Community Wealth for All

- Work with anchor institutions to improve local economies and tackle inequality.
- In-sourcing of services where possible e.g. Croydon, Islington, Lancashire Constabulary post Carillion/Capita.
- Public sector pension funds invest more in local economies.
- Trade unions and the co-operative movement work together to establish 'union co-ops' in sectors like construction based on the US experience.
- Establish locally owned publicly backed banks and support credit unions and CDFI's.
- Expand energy democracy at a local level.
- Worker cooperatives and employee ownership.



Thank you

Adrian Phillips
a.phillips@preston.gov.uk

