Heat in Buildings: Public Engagement

APSE Conference

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16 February 2023

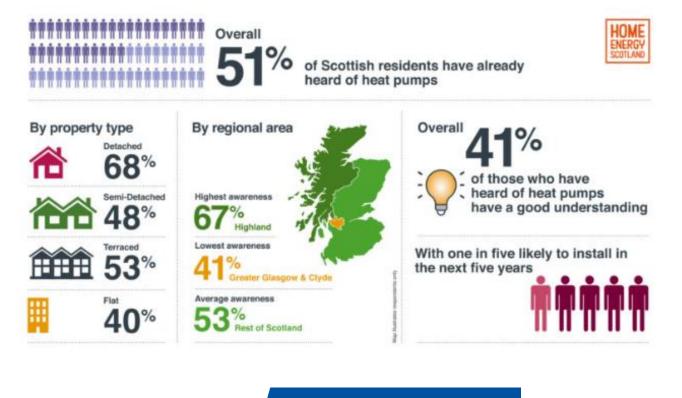


1. Baseline

- a) Current levels of awareness
- b) Importance of engagement
- 2. Developing a Strategic Approach
 - a) Policy aims
 - b) Insights engagement & behavioural experts
 - c) Framework
 - d) Interdependencies
- 3. Heat & Energy Efficiency Scotland: Early Delivery Activities
- 4. Next Steps timeline



Energy Saving Trust, 2021: "Heat pump awareness in Scotland"





Energy Systems Catapult, 2020: <u>"Understanding Net</u> Zero: A Consumer's Perspective"

> Over 2,000 participants - only 49% identified gas central heating as producing CC emissions

> > **Official Statistics**

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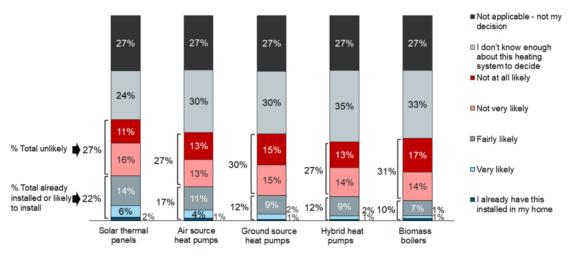
BEIS Public Attitudes Tracker: Heat and Energy in the Home Spring 2022, UK

16 June 2022

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Figure 2.2: Whether likely to install specific low-carbon heating systems next time they need to change (based on all people), Winter 2021



- Draft Heat in Buildings Strategy consultation feedback (2021)
- National Public Energy Agency stakeholder bilateral meetings (2021-2022)
- Early Agency Call for Evidence (2021-2022)



(2) (a) Public Engagement Strategy – draft aims

- 1. Increase public understanding and acceptance of heat decarbonisation promoting the benefits that the transition may offer, so that people perceive the change as a positive choice and it becomes normalised over time
- 2. Promote awareness of appropriate support and advice services focused on enabling people to carry out relevant energy efficiency and heat retrofit works, increasing uptake of support on offer
- **3.** Support public participation in policy and programme delivery empowering people to help inform and shape on-going activities, including elevating the voice of the under-represented and those in vulnerable circumstances
- 4. Generate robust intelligence regarding different peoples' needs and potential impactsto inform delivery and support programmes design in line with a Just Transition



 HiBs Public Engagement Strategy: Expert Discussion Series (2022)

• Academics

- Practitioners
- HiBs Public Engagement Strategy: Call for Evidence: Stakeholder Discussion Series (2022-23)

e.g.

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Local Authorities

- Advice Services
- o Third Sector incl. NGOs
- o Researchers

- Climate X Change
- Climate Outreach
- Energy Saving Trust
- Centre for Climate Change & Social Transformations
- University of Cardiff*
- Imperial College London*
- University of Edinburgh*

*UKERC (co-investigators)



(2) (b) Insights – engagement and behavioural experts; and existing delivery landscape

	Behaviours		Empowermer	nt	
	Deriavioois	Framework	Commu	nicating Progress	
Experiences	Tackling Scams	Flexibility	Data	Technology	
Motivations	Trust	Sequencing	Educatio	Demonstrators	
Consumer Journey	, Confidence	Segmentation	One-Stop-Shop	Values & Emotions	
Fair	ness	Segmentation	Advice	Myth-busting	
	Reducing Complexity	National-to-Local (place-based)	Transpar	rency & Honesty	
Participation	Capacity			Support	
Benefits		↓ Coordinated	Clarity & Certa	inty	
	Case Studies & Storytelling	Delivery Landscape	Choice	Accessibility	
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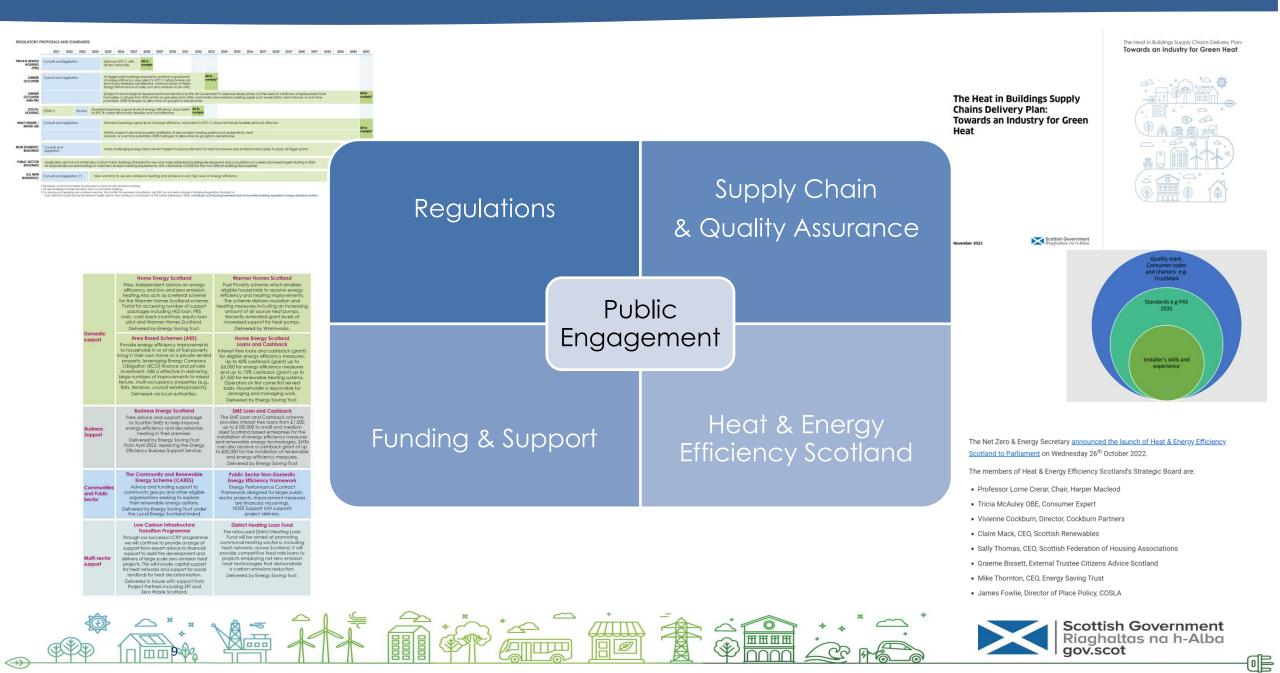
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Strategic Objectives					
Understand Communicating Climate Change	Participate Enabling Participation in Policy Design	Act Encouraging Action			
People are aware of the action that all of Scotland is taking to tackle climate change and <u>understand</u> how it relates to their lives	People actively <u>participate</u> in shaping just, fair and inclusive policies that promote mitigation of and adaptation to climate change	Taking action on climate change is normalised and encouraged in households, communities and places across Scotland			



(2) (d) Interdependencies



(3) Early Delivery Activities 2022-25 - snapshot

Ту	oes of Intervention	Example Delivery Approach	Objectives
1	Marketing	 Trusted Messengers, public relations Coordinated strategic comms. planning Paid-for media Social media (digital) 	People are aware of the heat transition, why it is important, and what it may mean in practice
			People know where and how to access advice and support
2	Social Research	 Proposed regulations focus groups Partnerships w/ behaviour change and public communication experts 	Policy and interventions are designed effectively to reflect people's needs and behavioural responses
		public communication experts	People perceive the policy / regulatory / delivery pathway as legitimate and credible
		Effective monitoring of the impact of public engagement on awareness levels, attitudes and behaviour change over time	
3	National Conversation		People understand and accept / support the heat transition – including what it will mean for them in practice
			Heat decarbonisation technologies and change are normalised



(3) Early Delivery Activities – marketing campaigns



We can help make your home warmer.

It's hard keeping homes warm right now. And with the rise in energy costs it's only natural to be worried. Home Energy Scotland from the Scottish Government is here to help. We can give free impartial advice on ways to reduce your heating costs and can also help with up to £5000 of improvements to make your home more energy efficient.*

Visit homeenergyscotland.org or call 0808 808 2282



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#ScotClima

*Subject to eligibility. Terms and conditions apply.

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Online Net Zero website	Communication (Communication)	'S MAPPENING RESOURCES
Social Media	HOME ENER	
Around 20% of Scotland's greenhouse gas emissions come from our homes and buildings. ScotClimateWeek	Around 2 million homes in Scotland are heated using natural gas.	Only around 1 in 10 households have low emissions heating systems.

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Scotland's centre of expertise connecting climate change research and policy

Project Specification: Communicating effectively on the heat transition

Invitation To Tender:

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Qualitative research into domestic property owners' attitudes to zero direct emissions heating and energy efficiency standards – Part Two climate change

Scotland's centre of expertise connecting climate change research and policy

Project Specification: The experiences of early adopters of heating system and energy efficiency retrofit in Scotland: domestic owner occupiers



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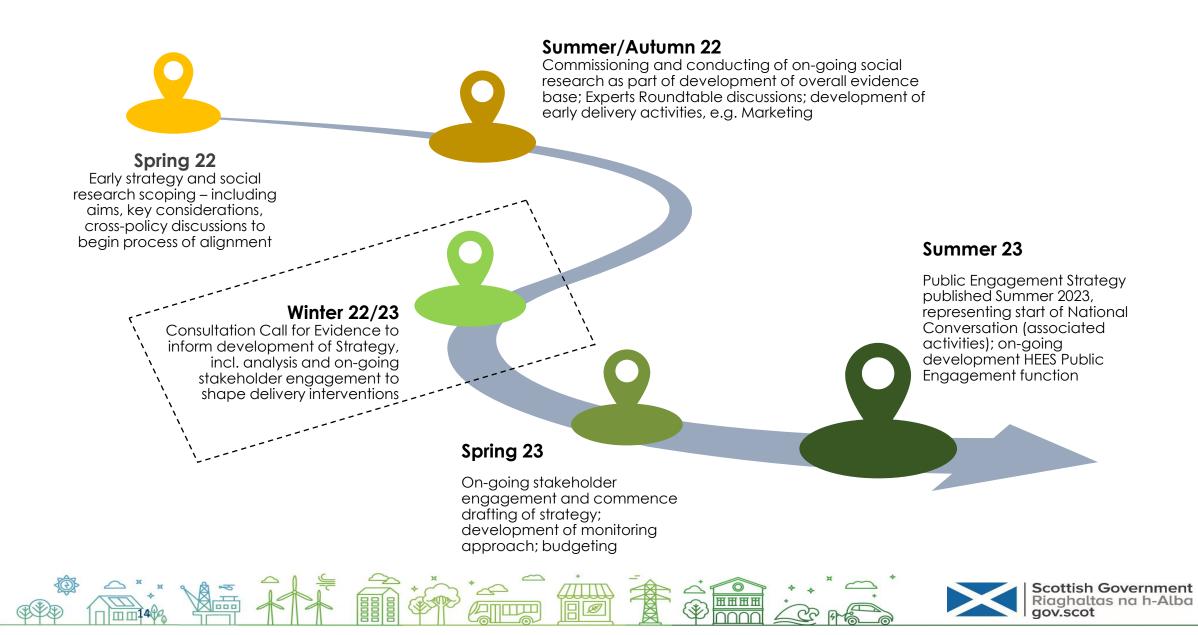


REF: HIB-160922

• This year we will launch a longer term public engagement programme –

- Covering the three key pillars of our broader framework (understand, participate, act)
- Multi-channel package of activities this could include e.g.
 - Events including associated policy/delivery proposal consultations, as appropriate
 - Online and digital discussion platforms open on-going dialogues
 - Technology road-shows / in-situ demonstrators
 - Expanded marketing and wider promotional activities such as local information stands
 - News and media relations shaping the public narrative
 - Other educational initiatives covering e.g. young/elderly, amongst others





- Programme for Government
- Established in-house Oct 2022 dedicated by 2025
- Independent Strategic Board
- Coordinate and lead delivery
 Pace
 - o Scale
- Investment
- Centre of Expertise
- Public Engagement

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Home > Organisations > Heat and Energy Efficiency Scotland

Heat and Energy Efficiency Scotland

Heat and Energy Efficiency Scotland is a new agency that will lead and coordinate heat decarbonisation in Scotland. It will reduce harmful climate change emissions from Scotland's buildings.

It aims to reduce Scotland's contribution to climate change by 2045 by making Scotland's homes and buildings:

- cleaner
- greener
- easier to heat



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Evporionoor	Derraviouis	Framework	Commur	nicating Progress	
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Benefits	Case Studies & Storytelling	Coordinated Delivery Landscape	Clarity & Certain Choice	Accessibility	
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Example: Trusted Messengers Network & Support Hub?

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Purpose	Detail	Objective(s)	Other
 Information Provision Strategic Narrative Provision of Guidance Sharing Good Practice 	 A space within which a range of trusted messengers could network, to share ideas, learning (what has worked, what hasn't) and opportunities to collaborate on national-to-local level awareness raising and education initiatives. Trusted messengers could access a bespoke support hub providing a variety of resources to improve communications with key audiences, in line with shared strategic messages. This could include, e.g. 'Introduction to the Heat Transition' information packs that could be hosted on independent partner websites, and/or circulated in hard copy through direct mailing to tailored audiences – pack could contain FAQs drawn from lived experience of those who have gone through, or commencing the transition Practitioner guides, including a Glossary of Terms and standardised narrative to use with audiences Calendar of events for coordinating any promotional activities – with the opportunity to leverage reach and channels of wider network, as appropriate 	Consistency in messaging across landscape Coordination of campaigns and associated engagement activities national- to-local level	Would a network with a wide coverage / membership across sectors enable, or hinder relevant discussions and tailoring of resources for specific audiences
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Example: Researchers & Practitioners Partnership?

Purpose	Detail	Objective(s)	Other
 Research Oversight Monitoring Impact Advisory Role 	A formal network of recognised experts in relevant related fields from across academia and practitioners, including e.g.: behavioural science, public engagement, energy transitions, technological innovation and change, environmental psychology, advice services provision. The network would act as a sounding board to ensure rigour and robustness of new public engagement interventions over the duration of the heat transition. It would be a critical friend through scrutinising impact of initiatives based on on-going social research findings, and other identified indicators associated with specific interventions. Through HEES, the partnership could be drawn on by a range of stakeholders to seek professional advice on new public engagement initiatives / approaches under development, ensuring they are evidence-led and based on good practice.	Good practice behaviour change / public engagement tactics	Any risk of duplication – how would this complement existing platforms and networks?

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Thank You

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