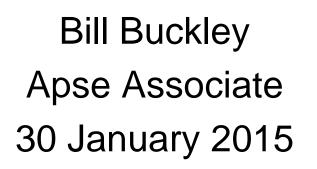
Performance Improvement Workshop Session 1 Refuse & Street Cleansing





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Introduction

- Qualified Environmental Health Officer
- Career Progression to Head of Service/Director level in Environmental Type Services – 36 years in Local Gov't
- Managed or been responsible for:

<u>Recycling & Waste Management(Collection & Disposal)/Street</u> <u>Scene/</u>Grounds Maintenance/Tree Works/Environmental Health/Licensing/Trading Standards/Private Sector Housing/Housing Strategy/

Transport/Highways/Infrastructure/Parking

Neighbourhood Services/Communities/Bereavement Services

Community Safety & Anti Social Behaviour

Why Performance Monitoring

- Apse Benchmarking Networks
- 13 Service Areas measured
- 15 years of data from UK LA's
- Largest comparison data set in Europe
- Good information supports & provides direction for good management decisions
- Devised by operational service managers
- If you cannot measure You cannot manage

How can data be used



- Planning and Improving the Service
- Critical for services to demonstrate improvement
- Monitoring progress year on year
- Reviewing & Action planning
- Setting Priorities for Investment
- Customer Satisfaction
- Comparisons with Neighbours/Family Groups/in NI/ in UK.
- Other arrangements have positive affects



Questions to Ask ?

- Can you improve and demonstrate?
- Can you justify service investment
- Do you have a proven track record
- Can you deliver
- Who does it better and why?

Performance Templates



- Allocate Resources with completion deadlines
- Each Service two Templates- management data & financial/ accounts data plus instructions and guidance sections
- Each has main topics such as :- Profiles, drivers, collection, recycling, disposal, education, enforcement, HR, Quality, Sickness.
 Expenditure, Income, contract/non-contract, direct costs, indirect costs etc.

What do you think?



- What is important to you to measure?
 - Members
 - Residents/Customers
 - Senior Managers
 - Operational Managers

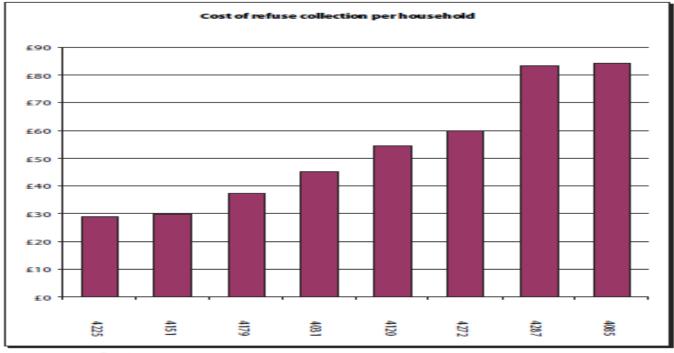
Refuse – Cost of Refuse Collection- 10yr trend



PI 01c Cost of refuse collection service per household (excluding landfill tax and waste disposal)

Family group R1

| | Households | Net refuse cost (including CEC) | Cost per household |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Average | | | £52.87 |
| Lowest | | | £29.00 |
| Highest | | | £84.13 |
| Lowest in range | 33,160 | £1,419,109 | |
| Highest in range | 73,750 | £4,016,029 | |



Source data

[TOTRINCEC] / [HOUSEHOLDS]

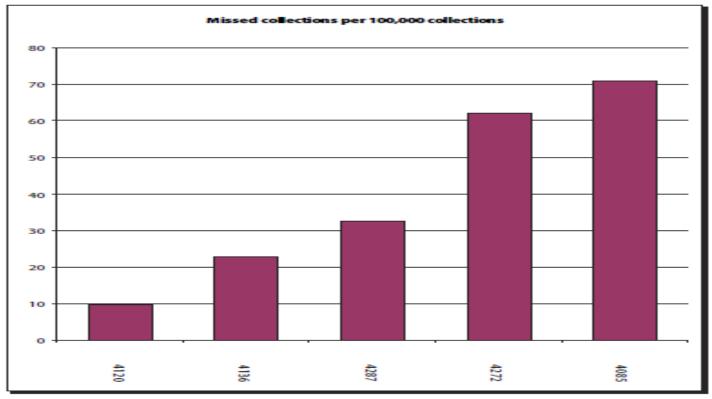
NB. This report shows the net cost of the entire refuse rollection service not just domestic waste collections.

Acceptable parameters: >£25 and not >£130; CEC >£0

PI 22a Missed collections per 100,000 collections (full year)

Family group R1

| | Missed bins per 100,000 collections |
|---------|--|
| Average | 39.64 |
| Lowest | 9.65 |
| Highest | 70.91 |



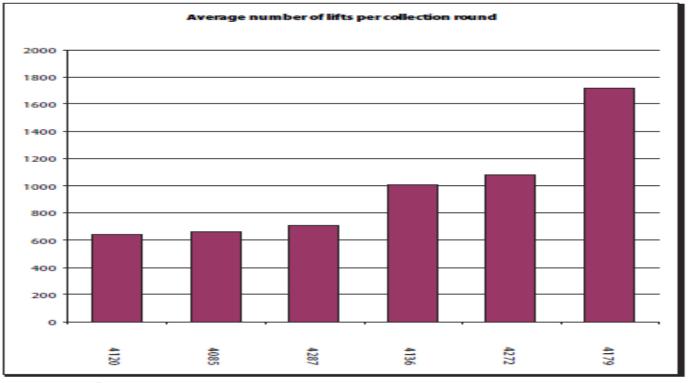
Source data

[MISSD]

PI 34 Average number of lifts per collection round

Family group R1

| | Annual number of collection rounds | Lifts per round |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Average | | 970.06 |
| Lowest | | 641.30 |
| Highest | | 1,719.00 |
| Lowest in range | 650 | |
| Highest in range | 5,980 | |



Source data

[WPCPAC] / [WPRNDC]

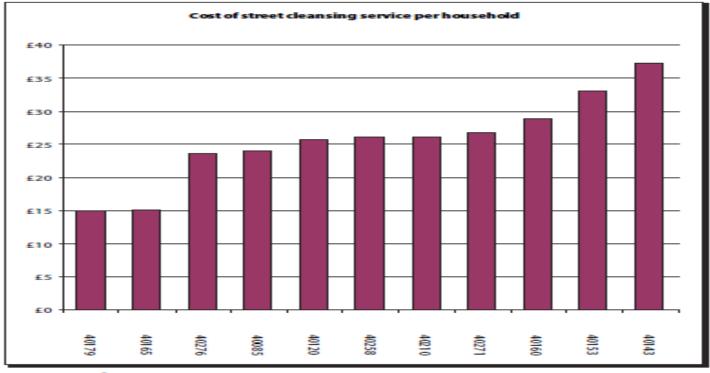
Acceptable parameters: >500 and <2,000 ; average collections per house >20

www.a

PI 03 Cost of street cleansing service per household (including CEC)

Family group C2

| | Number of households | Net cost of street cleansing (including CEC) | Cost per household |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Average | | | £25.63 |
| Lowest | | | £15.02 |
| Highest | | | £37.25 |
| Lowest in range | 38,009 | £774,343 | |
| Highest in range | 113,780 | £2,680,978 | |



Source data

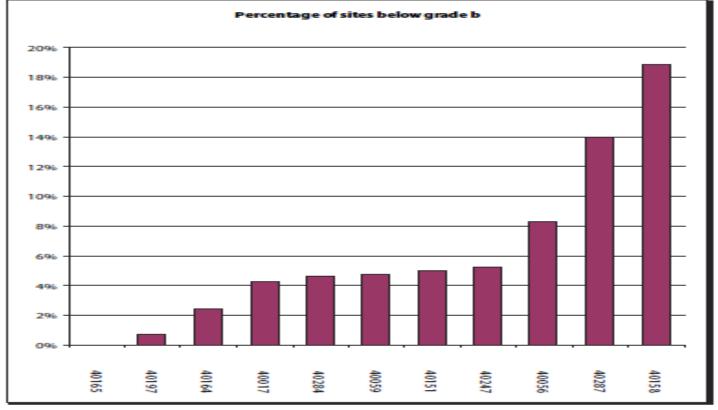
[TOTSPINCEC] / [HOUSEHOLDS]

Acceptable parameters: not $< \pm 10$ and not $> \pm 90$ and CEC $> \pm 0$

PI 37b Percentage of sites surveyed falling below grade b for cleanliness (England only)

(LeqsPro survey with reduced survey numbers or other survey type)

| Family group | All family groups | |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Percentage of sites below grade b |
| Average | | 6.20% |
| Lowest | | 0.00% |
| Highest | | 18.88% |
| | | |



Source data

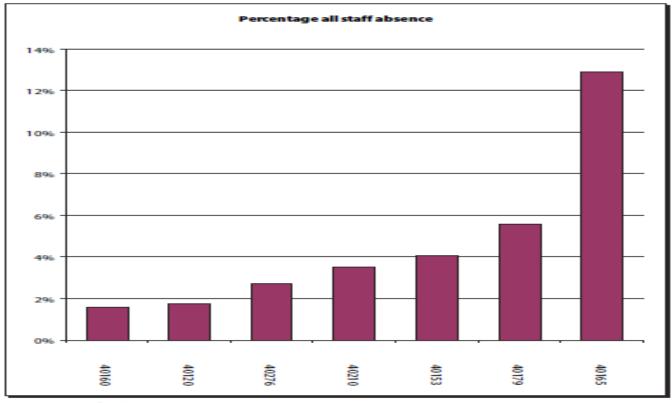
[SSBGB]

Acceptable parameters: >0

PI 22a Staff absence (all staff)

Family group C2

| | Percentage all staff absence |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| Average | 4.60% |
| Lowest | 1.59% |
| Highest | 12.91% |



Source data

[SOABS]

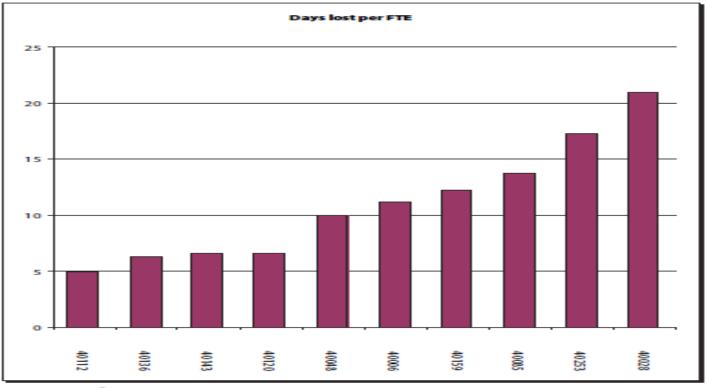
Acceptable parameters: >=0% and <13%

PI 22b Staff absence - days lost per FTE (Scotland only)

Family group All authorities

Days lost per FTE

| Average | 10.97 |
|---------|-------|
| Lowest | 4.94 |
| Highest | 20.95 |



Source data

[SSAAE]

Acceptable parameters: >2 and <25



| Family Group Overview | N | Whole Service Overview |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Quartile Achieved | Key Performance Indicator | Quartile Achieved |
| 1 | Hectares of maintained open space per 1000 head of p | op 1 |
| | Percentage staff absence (exc long term) | 1 |
| | Number of public events per 1000 head of pop | 1 |
| | Countryside management performance indicator | 1 |
| 2 | Output Specification | 3 |
| 3 | Percentage staff absence | 3 |
| | Quality assurance and consultation | 4 |
| | Human Resources and people management | 3 |
| | All playgrounds per 1000 children | 4 |
| 4 | LA playgrounds per 1000 children | 4 |
| | Central Est Charges as a % of Total Expenditure | 4 |

Key Performance Indicators

| PI | Indicator | No in Group | Highest | Average | Lowest | Your Council |
|-------|---|-------------|---------|---------|--------|--------------|
| PI12 | No of hectares /FTE front line staff | 9 | 20.72 | 13.81 | 6.79 | 7.2 |
| | | | | | | |
| PI13a | % Staff Absence | 9 | 10.23 | 4.30 | 1.15 | 5.01 |
| | | | | | | |
| PI 16 | HR & People Man | 12 | 90 | 57.83 | 33 | 49 |
| | | | | | | |
| PI23 | Output Specification | 12 | 60% | 37.22% | 0% | 40% |

Practical Examples - Refuse



• Do you need another Refuse Round ? What is the productivity rate ?

PI's on - average number of lifts per round in similar family group. Productivity lowest

• Missed collections per 100,000 collections are you high, average or low .

Customer satisfaction- Why not improving

Practical Examples – Street Cleansing



 Sickness absences are high when compared to family grouping – why?

Lack of urgency in Return To Work interviews and follow up by managers HR delays in accessing Occupational Health

Practical Examples – Street Cleansing



- Transport costs were high as a % of total expenditure- why?
- Pedestrian sweepers travelling long distances to arrive onsite
- Tracking system demonstrated vehicles taking the scenic route back to depot
- Drivers not trained in fuel efficiency driving techniques

Lessons Learned & Top Tips

- If you cannot measure You cannot manage
- Good performance management isn't always about looking for areas to improve
- Its also about being able to demonstrate the benefits of good performance with accurate data and evidence
- Need to be able to compare with others to benchmark your performance



- In current climate it is beneficial to be able to demonstrate and justify what is good and what needs to be better
- Performance management is about being honest and open
- You may have some difficult discussions
- But think of the bigger picture and keep it in context.

Could Performance Networks meet your needs?

- Views so far ?
- Any issues not addressed by Performance Networks ?
- Any suggestions for improvements to meet Northern Ireland requirements ?
- Is Performance Networks of interest to you?

Contact Details



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